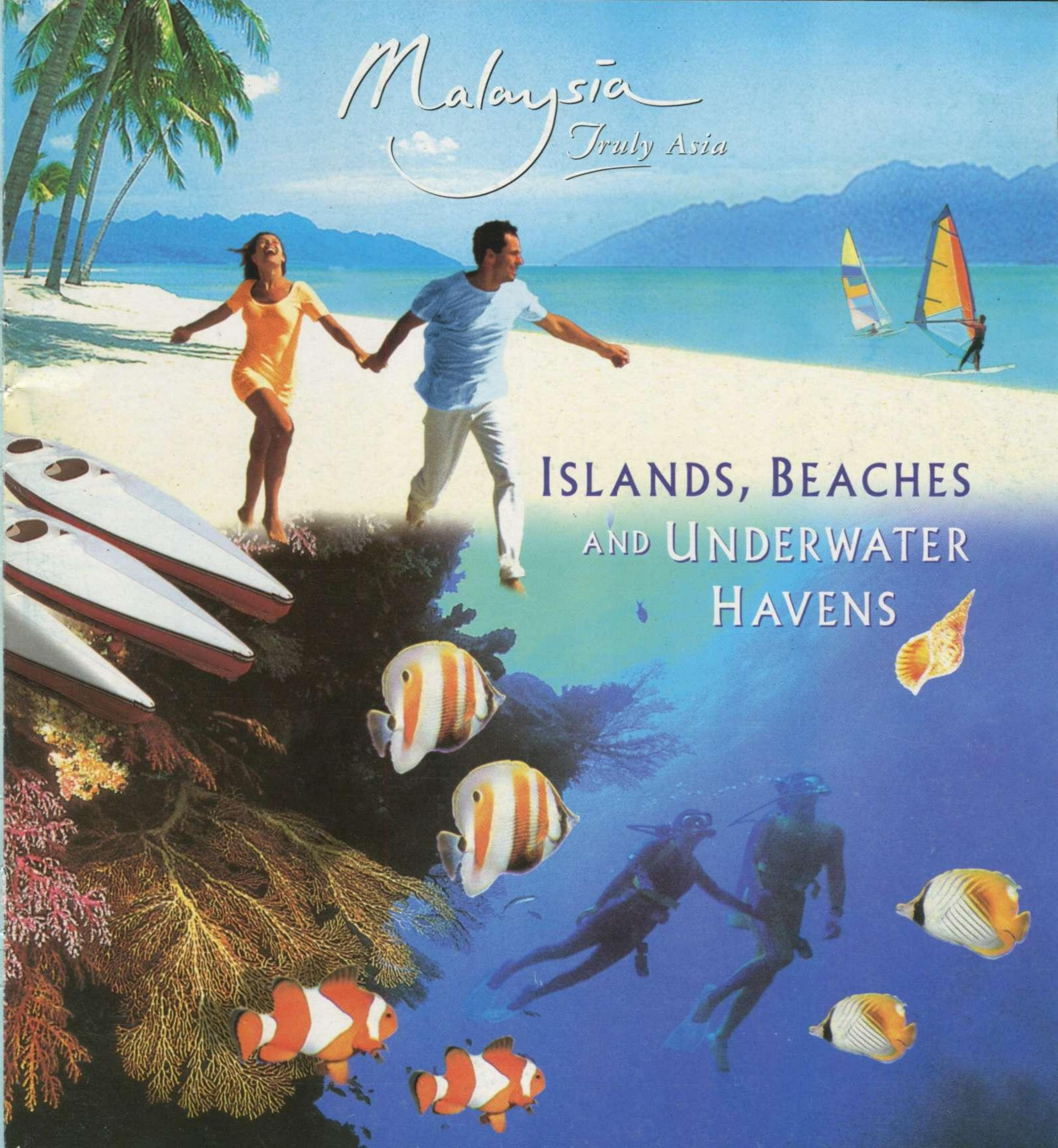
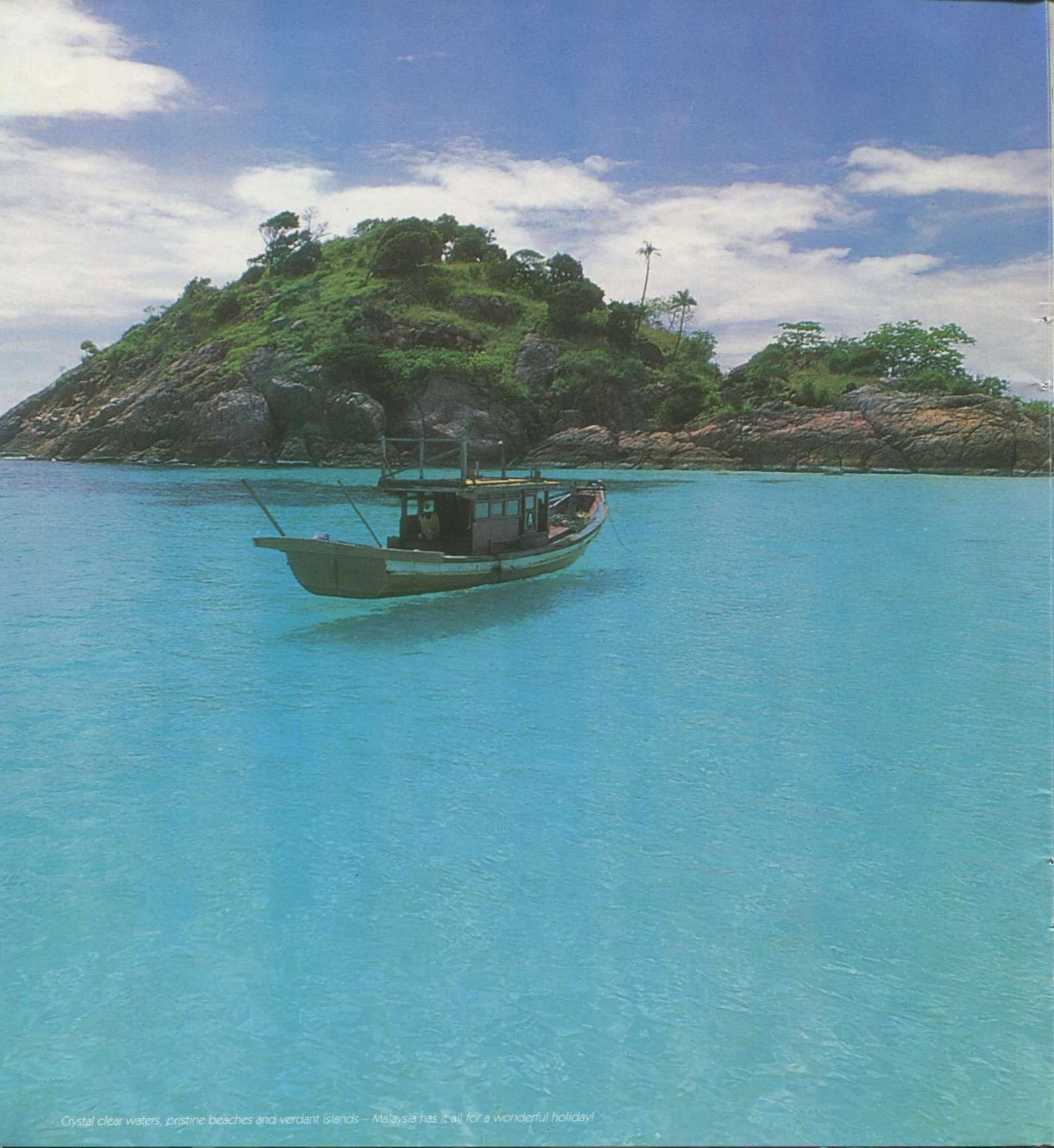

Malaysia
Truly Asia
ISLANDS, BEACHES
AND UNDERWATER
HAVENS



Crystal clear waters, pristine beaches and verdant islands – Malaysia has it all for a wonderful holiday!

CONTENTS

WELCOME TO MALAYSIA



Malaysia's enchanting underwater world.

In the heart of Southeast Asia lies one of the world's most enchanting lands — Malaysia. A tropical paradise of immense charm, Malaysia is a veritable treasure trove of diverse cultures and hospitable people, exotic cuisine, fascinating festivals, quaint villages and modern skylines.

Bordered by Thailand to the north and Singapore to the south, Malaysia also stretches across the northern tier of Borneo to form the states of Sarawak and Sabah. Endowed with a long coastline and numerous off-shore islands, Malaysia offers much to the traveller. Endless stretches of palm fringed beaches with emerald seas and golden sunlight. Fresh water lagoons for quiet introspection. Breathtaking underwater worlds of colourful marine life. And mist shrouded hills of primeval rainforests.



At times, coral formations are visible from the sea surface.

Travellers to Malaysia will find that the climate varies according to region. In general, the lowlands are warmer with temperatures ranging between 21°C and 32°C. Due to the higher elevation, the highlands are cooler with temperatures dropping as low as 16°C. Rain falls throughout the year in quick heavy showers and averages around 200cm annually. The wettest months are between October and March during the rainy season.

Situated in the heart of South East Asia, Malaysia is accessible to much of the world by sea and air. There are over 72 major airlines operating services to the international airports of Kuala Lumpur, Penang, Langkawi, Kota Kinabalu and Kuching. Malaysia is also accessible from Thailand and Singapore by road and rail. Port Klang and Penang on the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia as well as Kota Kinabalu in Sabah link the country to the rest of the world by sea.

Travel within the country is relatively cheap and comfortable. Transportation to major towns and cities is by air-conditioned trains and buses, as well as regular scheduled flights by domestic carriers. Malaysia's excellent network of highways make driving another convenient and interesting way of discovering the country. Buses and taxis are also available for intra-city excursions.

Whether your destination is a sun-drenched beach, a remote coral island rich in marine life, a dense tropical jungle with a multitude of flora and fauna or a cool hill resort nestled in majestic mountains, you can be assured every experience will be an adventure to treasure for years to come. Add to this the varied traditions and endless festivals of Malaysia's many races and cultures, and you will see the warmth and beauty of its people is every bit as exciting as the land. Wherever you go and whatever you do, Malaysia will captivate you with its sights and sounds.



Beautiful beaches abound along Malaysia's coast.

MALAYSIA


THAILAND
SOUTH CHINA SEA
KANGAR
Kuala Perlis
PERLIS
Pulau Langkawi
Kuah
ALOR SETAR
Pulau Payar
KEDAH
KOTA BHARU
Pulau Perhentian
GEORGETOWN
Butterworth
PENANG
Pulau Redang
KUALA TERENGGANU
PERAK
KELANTAN
Pulau Kapas
Rantau Abang
Pulau Tenggol
IPOH
TERENGGANU
Pulau Pangkor
Lumut
Kerteh
PAHANG
Cherating
STRAITS OF MALACCA
KUANTAN
SELANGOR
Pekan
SHAH ALAM
KUALA LUMPUR
Port Klang
Sepang
Pulau Tioman
NEGERI SEMBILAN
SEREMBAN
Pulau Rawa
Pulau Pemanggil
Pulau Aur
Pulau Tinggi
Port Dickson
Mersing
MALACCA
JOHOR
MALACCA
Pulau Besar
Pulau Sibu
Senai
JOHOR BAHRU
Desaru
Tanjung Piai
SINGAPORE
N



SULU SEA
Pulau Layang-Layang
Pulau Banggi
Kudat
Pulau Jambongan
Tunku Abd. Rahman Park
Turtle Islands Park
Pulau Tiga Park
Sandakan
KOTA KINABALU
LABUAN
Keningau
Lahad Datu
SABAH
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM
Long Seridan
Long Pasia
Semporna
Miri
Tawau
Pulau Sipadan
Marudi
Bareo
CELEBES SEA
Bintulu
Mukah
Belaga
Sibu
SARAWAK
Kapit
KUCHING
Bandar Sri Aman
KALIMANTAN (INDONESIA)
CHINA
MYANMAR
LAOS
THAILAND
VIETNAM
CAMBODIA
PHILIPPINES
BRUNEI
MALAYSIA
SINGAPORE
INDONESIA

KEDAH



CHINCHIN STRAITS
PULAU DATAI
Datai
PULAU DANGLI
PULAU GASING
Pantai Tanjung Rhu
PULAU LANGGUN
AIR HANGAT
BOHOR
PULAU TANJUNG. DENDANG
PULAU LANGKAWI
Burau Bay
PADANG MATSIRAT
ULU MELAKA
PULAU BURAU
Pantai Kok
KUAH
PULAU REBAK BESAR
KEDAWANG
PULAU TIMUN
Pantai Cenang
Pantai Tengah
PULAU TUBA
PULAU PASIR
PULAU DAYANG BUNTING
PULAU BERAS BASAH
PULAU SINGA BESAR
STRAITS OF MALACCA
Airport
Trunk Roads
Railway
North-South Expressway
Diving Spots
N
PERLIS
THAILAND
KUALA PERLIS
PULAU LANGKAWI
KEDAH
KUALA KEDAH
ALOR SETAR
PULAU LEMBU
PULAU KACA
PULAU PAYAR
PULAU SEGANTANG
Pantai Merdeka
SUNGAI PETANI
STRAITS OF MALACCA
Butterworth
GEORGETOWN
PENANG
PERAK

KEDAH

Kedah, situated in the northern western region of Peninsular Malaysia, has a population of over one million. With vast stretches of padi fields against a backdrop of green mountains, it is commonly referred to as the "Rice Bowl of Malaysia". The state capital, Alor Setar, has many interesting attractions, including the State Museum, Pekan Rabu Bazaar, State Mosque, Balai Besar and Balai Nobat. Other places of interest include the archaeological discoveries at Lembah Bujang, Gunung Jerai — the highest peak in northern Malaysia and the serene waters of Pedu Lake. Off its coast lies the legendary island of Langkawi with its attractive white beaches, aquamarine waters and spectacular sunsets.

Langkawi

Situated at the crossroads of the Thai-Malaysian border, within the Straits of Malacca and the Andaman Sea, **Pulau Langkawi** is the largest island in a cluster of 99 islands, renowned for their legends. Its limestone hills and caves, rustic villages and scenic padi fields, abundant flora and fauna, as well as its enthralling legends make the island a truly idyllic tropical paradise.

An enchanting holiday destination to all who explore its many attractions, Pulau Langkawi provides vacationers a variety of activities for relaxation and recreation. There are water sports around crystal clear waters, jungle treks through rich tropical forests, quiet strolls through quaint fishing villages, rounds of golf on an 18-hole course and duty-free shopping opportunities. The entire island is most fascinating and its treasures beg to be explored.

Travellers arriving by ferry to Pulau Langkawi disembark at the jetty in **Kuah**, the main town located on the southeastern side of the island. Formerly a rustic town with only a few streets, it is now a thriving centre with modern hotels and shopping-cum-business complexes. The shops along the waterfront offer a wide variety of merchandise, including handicrafts made from shells and local marble.

A trip to the island is not complete without a visit to **Makam Mahsur**i (Mahsuri's Mausoleum). About 12 km from Kuah, the shrine honours a maiden who lived on the island more than two hundred years ago.



Langkawi – Islands of legend.

Unjustly accused of committing adultery, the legend holds that Mahsuri's innocence became apparent at her execution when white blood flowed from her body. In her dying breath, she laid a curse on the island that it would henceforth cease to prosper for seven generations.

Fact or fiction, the curse began to unfold shortly after Mahsuri's death. Siamese soldiers invaded the island and the villagers were forced to burn their rice fields. Until today, traces of burnt rice can be seen in the sands at **Padang Matsirat**, especially after a heavy rain.

According to another legend the hot springs at **Kampong Air Hangat** (Air Hangat Village), 14 km north of Kuah, originated after two families quarrelled over a rejected marriage proposal. During the commotion a jug full of hot water was flung to the ground, whereupon it broke and hot water seeped into the ground.

Another famous attraction is **Telaga Tujuh** (Seven Wells), 23 km northwest of Kuah. A fresh water stream cascading some 90 metres through a series of seven pools, visitors can enjoy swimming or picnicking amidst a lush green forest.

About 20 km north of Kuah is the gentle coastline of **Pantai Tanjung Rhu** (Casuarina Beach). A peaceful beach on Pulau Langkawi, it offers picnickers cool respite in the shade of tall casuarina trees. If time permits, one can take a boat trip to explore the nearby islands of **Pulau Pasir, Pulau Gasing, Pulau Dangli** and **Pulau Langgun**, off the northeastern coast.

To the west of **Pantai Tanjung Rhu** is Pantai Pasir Hitam, a unique beach with glittering black sand, which is thought to be tin or an oxide of tin that may have



Boating on Tasik Dayang Bunting (Lake of The Pregnant Maiden).

come from the seabed or the earth's crust. Souvenir shops and fishing spots can be found along its unusual shoreline.

Equally fascinating is **Pantai Batu Kerikil**, a remarkable beach that owes its name to the millions of pebbles that lie strewn along its shoreline.

On the western coastline of Pulau Langkawi lie the idyllic beaches of **Datai, Pantai Kok, Burau Bay** and **Pantai Tengah**. These beach resorts offer first-class accommodation in modern hotels and captivating wooden chalets, as well as facilities for parasailing, water skiing, windsurfing and catamaran sailing, even cruising in larger yachts.

For a truly breathtaking view of Pulau Langkawi, you can hire a boat for a cruise around the neighbouring islands. A round trip to **Pulau Dayang Bunting**, **Pulau Beras Basah** and **Pulau Singa Besar** takes about four hours. Special itineraries with a barbecue, snorkelling or trips to other islands can also be arranged upon request.

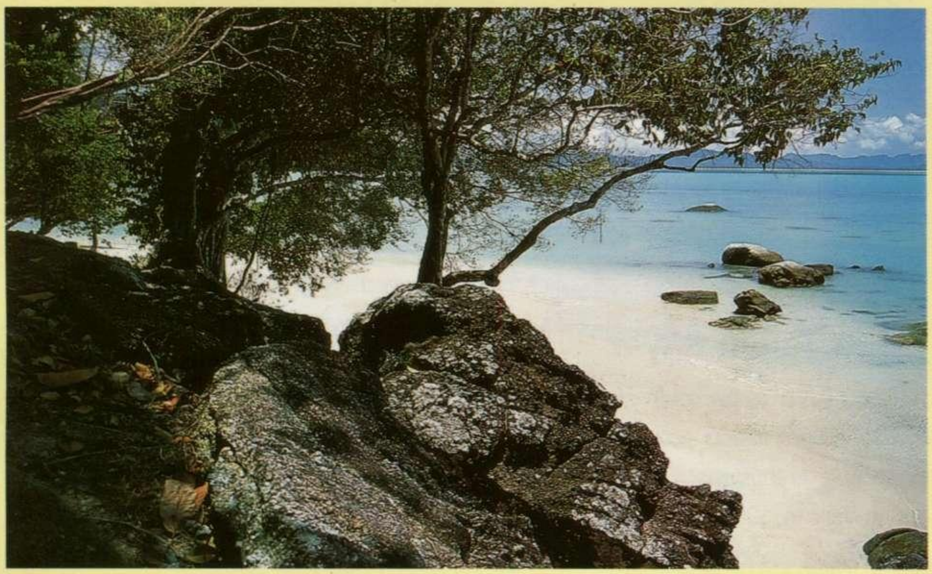


Visitors soaking in the sun at Pantai Tengah.

Further down the coast is **Pantai Cenang**, where many prominent resorts are found. The ideal spot for beach and sea sport activities, it also boasts of one of South East Asia's largest aquariums.

Off shore from Pantai Cenang lies **Pulau Rebak Besar**, a resort with a marina. **Pulau Beras Basah** (Isle of Wet Rice), further to the south, is a harbour to fishermen. Approximately 17 km from the Kuah jetty, the latter is also an excellent spot for scuba diving, snorkelling and fishing. Chalets are available on this hilly island.

The neighbouring island of **Pulau Singa Besar** is about 16 km south of Kuah and is easily accessible by boat. The island has tropical forests, mangrove swamps, sandy and rocky coastlines which have been left undisturbed. Common mammals such as wild boar, mousedeer, porcupines, scaly anteaters, civets, bats and many species of birds roam freely on this island, which is a Wildlife Sanctuary. The waters around the island also teem with a variety of fish, marine life and coral.



One of Langkawi's many scenic beaches.



Snorkelling in the crystal clear waters of Pulau Payar.

There are no hotels on the island but camping is permitted.

Pulau Dayang Bunting, east of **Pulau Singa**, is another island worth visiting. It is renowned for its fresh water lake, **Tasik Dayang Bunting** (Lake of the Pregnant Maiden). According to local folklore, its water is said to work miracles for childless couples.

To the north of the lake is **Gua Langsir** (Cave of the Banshee) believed to be haunted, probably because of the screeching sound made by thousands of bats that reside in the interior of this huge cave.

How To Get There

Malaysia Airlines and Air Asia operate daily flights from Kuala Lumpur and Penang to Langkawi's airport at Padang Mat Sirat. Silk Air also operates regular flights from Singapore to the island.

You can travel by road from Kuala Lumpur to Kuala Kedah or Kuala Perlis. From there, you proceed to Langkawi by express boat or ferry.

Malayan Railway provides rail service from Kuala Lumpur to Alor Setar and Arau in the north, where you can catch a taxi or bus to Kuala Kedah or Kuala Perlis.

Pulau Payar

Pulau Payar to the south of Langkawi is another alluring island getaway, especially for diving enthusiasts. Gazetted as a Marine Park in 1985, it encompasses the neighbouring islands of **Pulau Segantang, Pulau Kaca** and **Pulau Lembu**.

Reputed to support the largest number of coral species in the country, Pulau Payar's crystal clear waters make it suitable for swimming, snorkelling, scuba diving and underwater photography.

At the rocky southwest end of the island, not too far offshore, is a breathtakingly beautiful dive spot called 'Coral Garden'. The rocky slopes here are almost completely covered with brightly-hued soft coral. Deeper waters offer the dark green dendroid, or tree-like hard corals and a multitude of sea fans and cone shells. The waters are also home to a prolific variety of sea squirts, sea slugs, hermit crabs, feather starfish, sea anemone, lion fish, barracudas, rainbow runners, rock fish and ghost fish.



An international resort.

Visitors wishing to enjoy a quiet picnic on Pulau Payar's sandy white beaches will find picnic tables and bathroom facilities thoughtfully provided.

No hotels are available on the island, although camping is permitted with prior approval from the Department of Fisheries.

How To Get There

Pulau Payar is accessible from Langkawi and Kuala Kedah by speedboat and catamaran. It takes approximately an hour to reach the island. Tour operators can organise cruises and diving tours to the neighbouring islands in the Marine Park.

Pantai Merdeka

On the mainland of Kedah, approximately 60 km south of Alor Setar, lies a beautiful one kilometre stretch of sandy beach known as **Pantai Merdeka**. An enchanting beach shaded by tall swaying palm trees, Pantai Merdeka is an inviting spot to picnic or laze away the hours in the sun. Water skiing and sailing are also popular along its coastline.

If camping out on a coral island is your kind of holiday dream, the nearby island of **Pulau Bidan**, just one kilometre long and half a kilometre wide, is the answer.

How To Get There

From Alor Setar, take a bus to Sungai Petani and from there board another bus for Kota. At Kota, change buses to reach Pantai Merdeka.

To get there by taxi, either hire a taxi from Alor Setar to Pantai Merdeka or to Sungai Petani. From Sungai Petani, proceed to Pantai Merdeka by bus or taxi.



Enjoy a variety of watersports.

For further information, please contact:

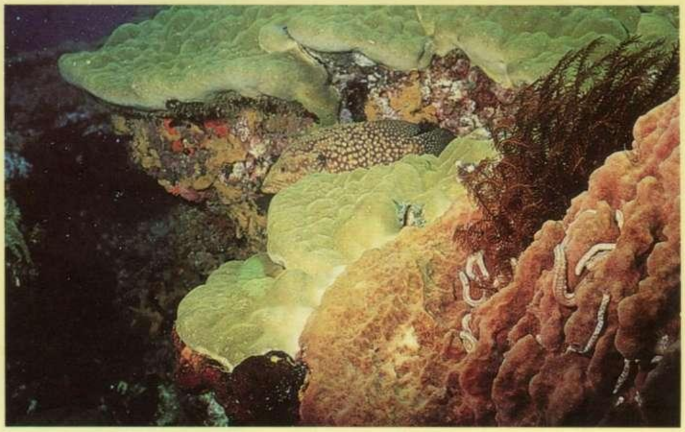
Langkawi Tourist Information Centre
Jalan Persiaran Putra
07000 Kuah, Langkawi
Tel: 04-9667789 Fax: 04-9667889
e-mail: mtpblgk@tourism.gov.my

LADA Tourism Unit
Jalan Persiaran Putra
7 - 8 Floors, LADA Complex
07000 Kuah, Langkawi
Tel: 04-9667186/9667187 Fax: 04-9667233
e-mail: lada@langkawi-authority.com

State Tourism Department
State Secretariat Office
Wisma Darul Aman
05503 Alor Setar, Kedah
Tel: 04-7301957 Fax: 04-7310467
e-mail: upen@kedah.gov.my

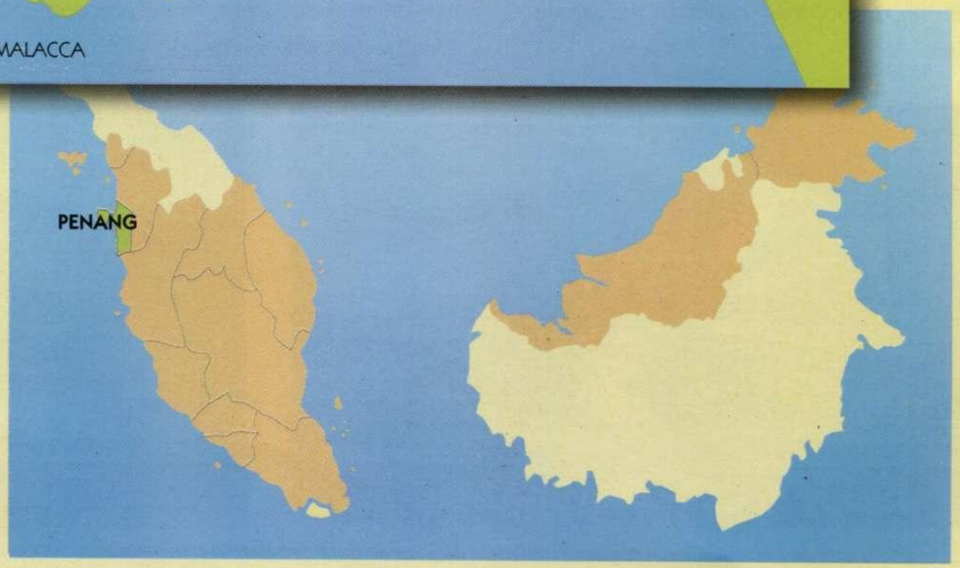
Fisheries Department
Wisma Persekutuan
Jalan Kampung Baru
05000 Alor Setar
Tel: 04-7342135/2137 Fax: 04-7304623
e-mail: perikanan@tm.net.my





The rich coral formations in Pulau Payar.


PENANG
Muka Head
Batu Ferringhi
Teluk Bahang
Tanjung Bungah
Tanjung Tokong
PULAU TIKUS
PENANG HILL
GEORGETOWN
North-South Expressway
TITI KERAWANG
AIR ITAM
BUTTERWORTH
NORTH CHANNEL
JELUTONG
PERAI
BUKIT MERTAJAM
BALIK PULAU
GELUGOR
Penang Bridge
Pantai Acheh
SOUTH CHANNEL
BAYAN BARU
PULAU JEREJAK
PULAU BETONG
PENANG INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
Teluk Kumbar
Gertak Sanggul
BATU MAUNG
PULAU RIMAU
N
STRAITS OF MALACCA


PENANG

PENANG

Penang, located approximately 112 km south of Langkawi off the northwestern coast of Peninsular Malaysia, is fondly referred to as "The Pearl of the Orient". Fine beaches and interesting sights have made it one of the most popular destinations in the region. The state of Penang consists of the island, and a strip of land covering 760 sq. km. on the mainland known as Seberang Perai.

When first discovered by Captain Francis Light in 1786, the island was filled with lush vegetation, especially the betel nut palm, and this gave rise to the island's name Pulau Pinang (Island of the Betel Nut). The Sultan of Kedah ceded this land to the British East India Company in 1786 at the behest of Captain Light.

Since its establishment as the first British trading outpost in the Far East, Penang is today a bustling metropolitan city with a unique blend of East and West. Besides exhibiting a colonial past, Penang reflects a potpourri of Malay, Chinese, Indian and Nyonya cultures. This is evident in much of the island's historical and cultural landmarks. Penang though owes much of its fame to its beaches and clear blue seas. The state's cultural festivities, numerous parks and Penang Hill (Bukit Bendera) are also popular attractions for visitors.

Georgetown

Many of the island's historical buildings and cultural landmarks are to be found in **Georgetown**, its capital. To trace Penang's rich past, a good place to begin is at the **Penang Museum and Art Gallery** on Lebuh Farquhar. Built in 1821, it houses a fine collection of old photographs, maps, charts and other historical relics of Penang's past. The gallery exhibits the arts and crafts of the people and provides insights into their diverse heritage.

Nearby is **St. George's Church**, built in 1818. The entrance of this stately Anglican Church is named after the patron saint of England, and features a memorial canopy dedicated to Captain Francis Light.

Ferries ply regularly between Penang and the mainland.





Georgetown, the capital of Penang.

Fort Cornwallis at Lebuh Light is another historical site to see in Georgetown. Built in 1804, on the spot where Captain Francis Light first landed, it contains an open-air amphitheatre, a history gallery and a handicraft and souvenir centre.

Within view of the fort is the **City Hall**, built in the 1880s. This stately colonial building once served as the seat for the local government, but now is reserved as the venue for special exhibitions.

Two well known mosques in Georgetown are **Kapitan Keling Mosque** and **Acheen Street Mosque**. The Kapitan Keling Mosque at Jalan Masjid Kapitan Keling is named after the Indian Muslim merchant, 'Kapitan Keling' (headman) Caudeer Mohoudeen who built it in the early 19th century. The Acheen Street Mosque at Lebuh Acheen, also known as Masjid Melayu, was built on land donated by Syed Sheriff Tengku Syed Hussain Aidid who came from Acheh in Sumatera. To enter the mosques, permission must first be sought from the mosque officials.

There are also many temples in Penang, including **Wat Chayamangkalaram, Kek Lok Si** and **The Temple of the Goddess of Mercy**. Wat Chayamangkalaram at Lorong Burmah is a Buddhist temple of Thai architecture, housing a 33-metre gold-plated reclining Buddha which is said to be the third largest in the world. Kek Lok Si at Air Itam, one of the largest Buddhist temples in Southeast Asia, features a blend of Chinese, Thai and Burmese architecture. The temple built in 1890 is dominated by a seven-tiered pagoda, the Ban Po Thar which rises 30 metres. The Temple of the Goddess of Mercy at Jalan Masjid Kapitan Keling is the oldest temple in Penang. Reputed to have been built in 1800, it is a classic example of Chinese architecture.



Kek Lok Si Temple.

The Snake Temple, dedicated to the Buddhist priest Chor Soo Kong, is also a fascinating temple. It is probably the only one of its kind in the world, where venomous snakes like Waglers Pit Vipers can be found quietly draped around altar objects and other parts of the temple.

Another temple worth visiting is **Sri Mariamman** at Lebuh Queen. Built in 1883, the temple houses numerous statues of Hindu deities, the most priceless being the statue of Lord Subramaniam which is embellished with gold, silver, diamonds and emeralds.

One of Georgetown's architectural marvels is the **Khoo Kongsi** at Lebuh Cannon. Built as a clan-house for the Khoo family who had emigrated from South China, it was burnt down in 1884, purportedly because it resembled the Emperor's palace. A scaled down version was built in 1902. The building features a magnificent hall embellished with intricate carvings, richly ornamented beams of the finest wood and a liberal use of gold leaf. Permission to enter the premises must be obtained from the Kongsi office.

About 8 km from Georgetown, lies the **Botanical Gardens**. Created by the British in 1884, it was meant as a tribute to Charles Curtis, its first superintendent who collected botanical specimens from the surrounding hills and jungles. A 30-hectare garden, it features a waterfall, many tropical plants and the vibrant colours of Penang's flora.

The gardens are also well-known for its macaque monkeys that roam freely about the park. Admission is free.

Tanjung Bungah

On the coastal road north of Georgetown is a stretch of golden beaches with world class resorts. The beach closest to Georgetown is **Tanjung Bungah**. A shoreline with overhanging cliffs, gigantic rocks and lush vegetation, some of the island's more spectacular seascapes can be viewed from here. Visitors can find many hotels along this stretch.

Batu Ferringhi

Travelling west along the coastal road, away from Tanjung Bungah, is **Batu Ferringhi**. A low lying area with a sweeping strand and casuarinas, it is the most famous of Penang's beaches. Several hotels of international standard may be found along its shoreline. Here, guests have many sporting activities to choose from, such as parasailing, jet skiing, wind surfing and water skiing. Dining is a delight with nearby restaurants offering a variety of seafood, local, Continental and Asian dishes. The roadside is also lined with numerous stalls selling handicrafts and souvenirs.

Off shore from Batu Ferringhi are the deserted islands of **Pulau Bidan, Pulau Telur** and **Pulau Song Song**. The crystal clear waters around these coral islands are ideal for swimming, snorkelling, scuba diving and fishing. Most of the beach hotels offer sea cruises to these islands.

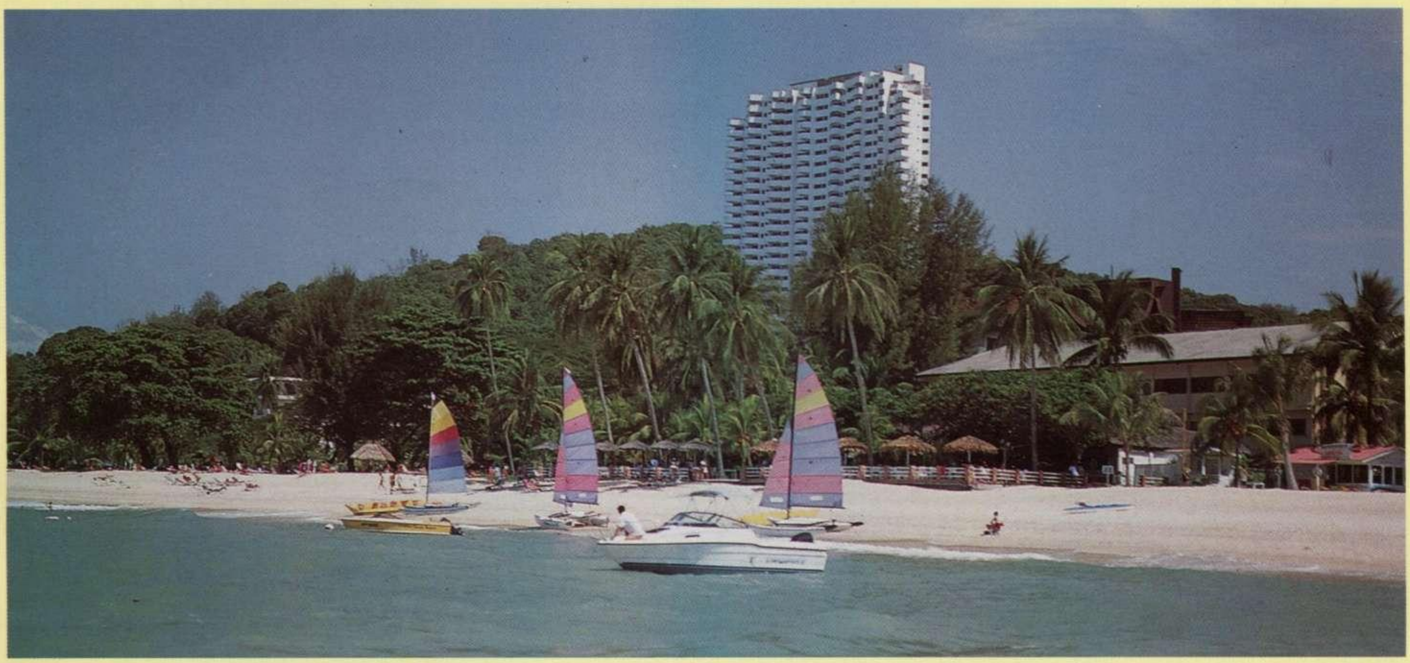
Teluk Bahang

At the northwestern end of the coastal road lies **Teluk Bahang**. A beautiful beach with lush vegetation and secluded coves, it is interspersed with several hotels that offer a host of recreational facilities.



Go parasailing and view the beauty of Penang's beaches from the air.

Besides beach side activities, Teluk Bahang offers visitors a glimpse at Penang's various species of flora and fauna found within the 100-hectare **Forest Recreation Park**. The park also has a Forestry Museum which provides information on the numerous species of trees and the products that are derived from them.



The white sandy beaches of Batu Ferringhi.

More of nature's wonders can be discovered at Teluk Bahang's **Butterfly Farm**. Located on the road south of the Batik Factory, a few kilometres from the coastal road, the farm houses more than 3,000 live butterflies.

Further away, off the beaten track from Teluk Bahang, in the northwestern part of the island is the **Pantai Acheh Forest Reserve**. Another of Penang's jungle parks, it covers 2,000 hectares of lush tropical vegetation.

Most beach hotels organise early morning treks past jungle streams and waterfalls. For the more adventurous, *"The Nature Trails of Penang"* published by The Malaysian Nature Society, provides a comprehensive guide on trekking around Penang. Pantai Acheh Forest is also accessible by boat from Batu Ferringhi or the Teluk Bahang fishing village.

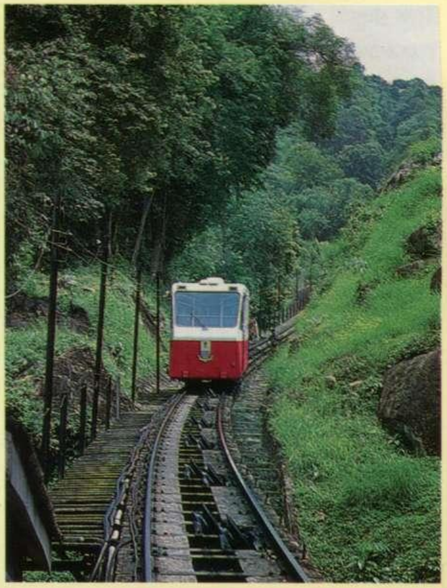
Along the forest reserve are a number of trails leading to Penang's more secluded beaches. The jungle trails are clearly marked and it is fairly easy to hike along the coastal slopes. From Teluk Bahang, it takes about an hour to reach the tranquil shores of **Teluk Duyong**.

Further west is the old lighthouse at **Muka Head**. Nearby are the beaches of **Monkey Beach** and **Pantai Keracut** which offer a fine sandy shoreline and a beautiful park that would be any botanist's delight. Dolphins have been sighted on occasion in these waters. Another path leads to **Pantai Mas**, a quiet sandy beach with emerald waters found on the western side of the island.

These beaches have secluded coves and inlets and offer the visitor hours of swimming and sunbathing activity.

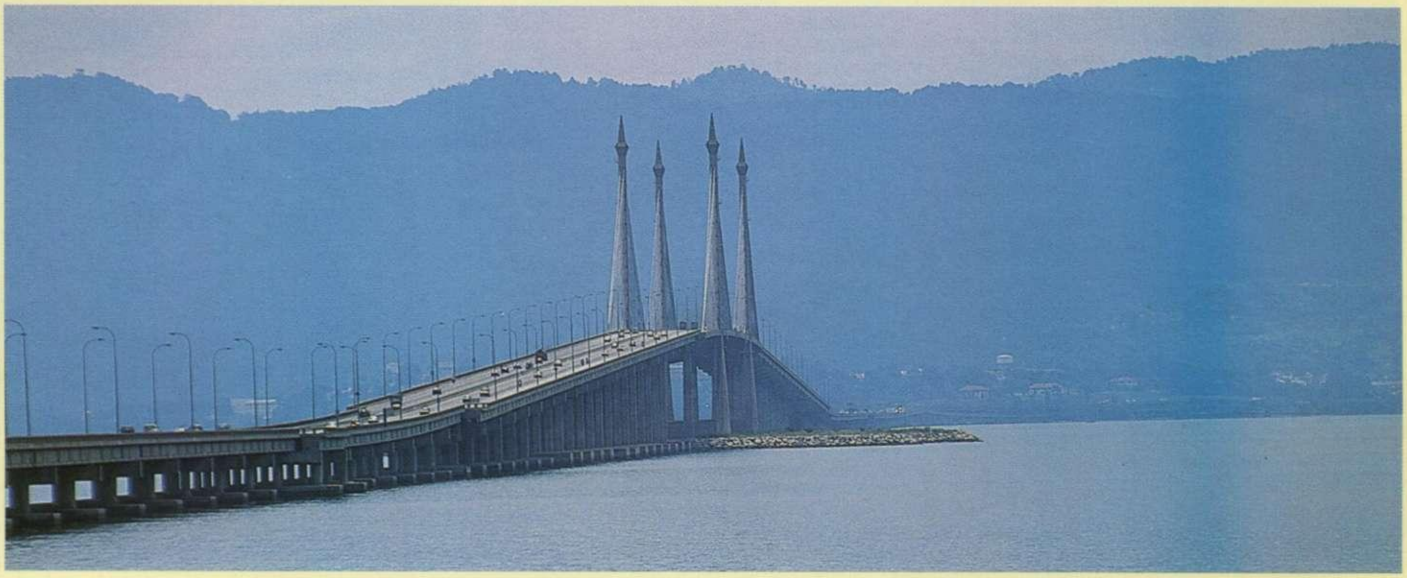
At the southwestern part of the island is the fishing village of **Gertak Sanggul**. Near **Pasir Panjang Beach** is a good clean stretch for swimming.

Aside from beaches, parks and historical buildings, Penang has other attractions in store for visitors. The most notable is **Penang Hill**, which offers a panoramic view of Georgetown. A popular hill retreat among visitors and locals, it can be reached by a funicular train.

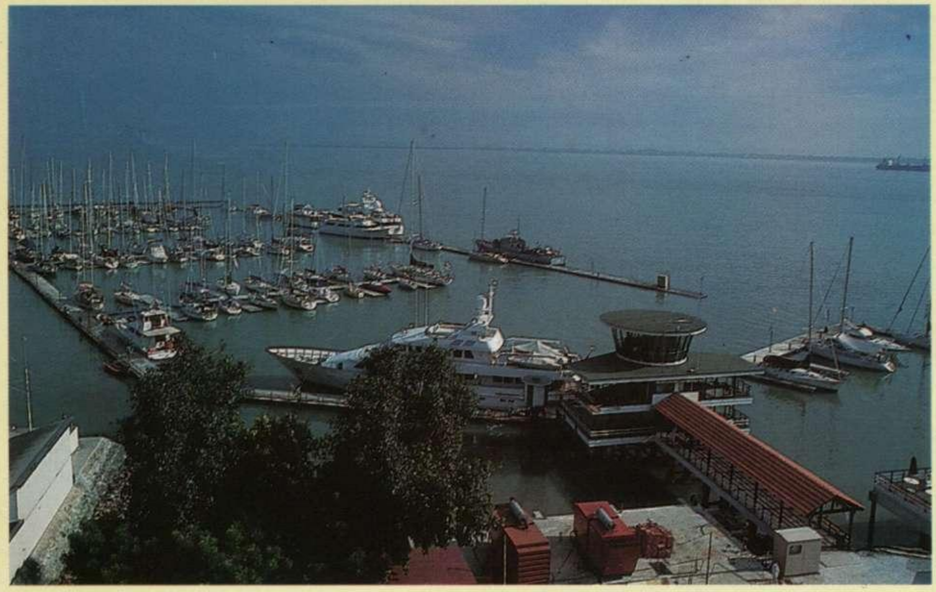


Penang Hill Funicular Train.

Another attraction is the **Penang Bridge**, spanning 13.5 km from Seberang Perai on the mainland to Gelugor on the



Penang Bridge - an engineering marvel.



Penang Yacht Club.

island. This engineering marvel has been acclaimed as one of the longest bridges in the world.

For visitors on a shopping holiday, Penang can be a delightful experience. Duty-free goods such as cameras, watches, lighters, pens, cosmetics and electronic goods may be obtained. A haven for antique lovers in search of antiques and bric-a-brac, the junk shops along **Rope Walk (Jalan Pintal Tali)** are the place to shop. **Chowrasta Market** on Jalan Penang is an interesting spot for bargains on local products. Batik, pewter, pottery, jewellery may also be found at the main shopping areas around **Jalan Penang, Lebuh Campbell, Jalan Masjid Kapitan Keling, Lebuh Chulia, Lebuh Pantai** and the **KOMTAR Shopping Complex.**

For those wishing to cover a bit of everything on limited time, there are many fascinating tours by air-conditioned coaches to the famous landmarks around the island.

How To Get There

Penang is easily accessible by air with regular scheduled flights from major cities and countries in the region such as Hong Kong, China, Bangkok, Phuket, Haadyai, Medan, Taipei, Japan and Singapore. Malaysia Airlines operates daily flights between Kuala Lumpur and Penang. From Penang International Airport take a taxi to Batu Ferringhi, Tanjung Bungah or Teluk Bahang. Buses are also available from the city.

You may travel by road from Kuala Lumpur to Penang, using the North-South Expressway. To reach the island you may either cross the Penang Bridge or take the ferry at Butterworth.

Malayan Railway operate regular train services from Kuala Lumpur to Butterworth.

Moving Around Penang

Hire and drive vehicles, metered taxis, mini buses and stage buses are easily available.

The trishaw is another interesting mode of transportation in Georgetown. It is probably the best way to travel at leisure as it allows you to stop at any point to shop for souvenirs or snap photographs.

For further information, please contact:

Tourism Malaysia
Northern Region Office
No. 10, Jalan Syed Sheh Barakbah
10200 Penang
Tel: 04-2619067/2620066
Fax: 04-2623688
e-mail: mtpbpen@tourism.gov.my

Penang Development Corporation
Tourism Division
No. 1, Persiaran Mahsuri, Bayan Baru
11909 Bayan Lepas, Pulau Pinang
Tel: 04-6432111
Fax: 04-6432405
e-mail: pppp@pdc.po.my

Tourism Information Centre
3rd Floor, Concourse
KOMTAR, Jalan Penang
10000 Pulau Pinang
Tel: 04-2614461

Penang Tourist Centre
Penang Port Commission Building
Pesara King Edward
10200 Pulau Pinang
Tel: 04-2616663

Tourism Malaysia Information Counter
Penang International Airport
10200 Pulau Pinang
Tel: 04-6430501

PERAK


TELUK BELANGA
Pantai Puteri Dewi
TELUK DALAM
TELUK NIPAH
PULAU MERTANGOR
PULAU PANGKOR
TORTOISE BAY
PANGKOR JETTY
Pantai Pasir Bogak
TELUK GEDUNG
PULAU PANGKOR LAUT
PULAU TUKUN PERAK
STRAITS OF MALACCA
PULAU AGAS
PULAU NIPIS
PULAU PAYONG
PULAU RUMBIA
BATU PUTEH
PULAU LALANG
PULAU SAGA
PULAU BULUH
N
KEDAH
PENANG
GRIK
East-West Highway
TAIPING
North-South Expressway
KUALA KANGSAR
KELANTAN
IPOH
BATU GAJAH
PAHANG
LUMUT
SITIAWAN
TELUK BATIK
PULAU PANGKOR
PULAU PANGKOR LAUT
STRAITS OF MALACCA

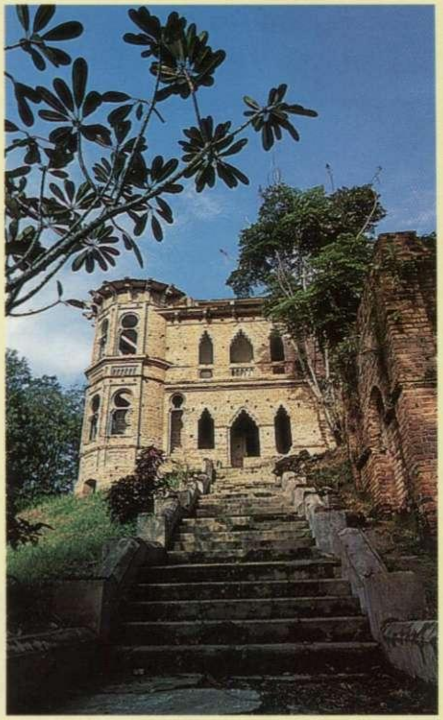
PERAK

Perak, the "Silver State", covers an area of 21,000 square kilometres and has a diverse population of two million. For centuries, Perak was known for its rich tin deposits, and indeed owes its name to this silver-hued ore. Rich in history, culture and folklore, Perak has many points of interest for the visitors. Among its attractions are the limestone cave-temples of Perak Tong and Sam Poh Tong, Gua Tempurung — the largest limestone cave in Peninsular Malaysia, a Geological Museum, the ruins of Kellie's Castle, the Bukit Larut Hill Resort, Ubudiah Mosque and Kuala Gula Bird Sanctuary. Perak has many gorgeous beaches and islands, including Teluk Batik, Pulau Pangkor and Pulau Pangkor Laut.

Lumut

To reach these enchanting resorts, you must travel to the small coastal town of **Lumut** approximately 84 km south of Ipoh. Once a relatively unknown fishing village, it has since acquired the distinction of being the home base of the Royal Malaysian Navy, as well as the departure point to the beautiful islands in the Straits of Malacca.

Of interest here is the Naval Museum which houses a collection of ancient weapons and artifacts. Known as well for its novelty gifts crafted from shells and coral, there are shops for souvenir hunters opposite the jetty. Close by is the town's landscaped park and clock tower, from which one can catch a scenic view of the sea.



Kellie's castle.

Teluk Batik

About 6 1/2 km south of Lumut is the palm fringed beach of **Teluk Batik**, a favourite haunt for campers, picnickers and sun seekers. Calm and warm, the coastal waters along this stretch are also ideal for swimming and canoeing.



Lumut waterfront.



Picturesque Ubudiah Mosque, Kuala Kangsar.

The Pesta Laut Lumut (Lumut Sea Festival), an annual event celebrated with sea-sport competitions, colourful regattas and cultural shows, is held here between the months of August and September.

How To Get There

Lumut can be reached by taxi or bus from Ipoh, Kuala Lumpur or from Butterworth.

Malayan Railway operates daily services from Kuala Lumpur and Butterworth, with a stop over in Ipoh. You may then catch a taxi or bus to Lumut.



Yachts moored off Lumut.

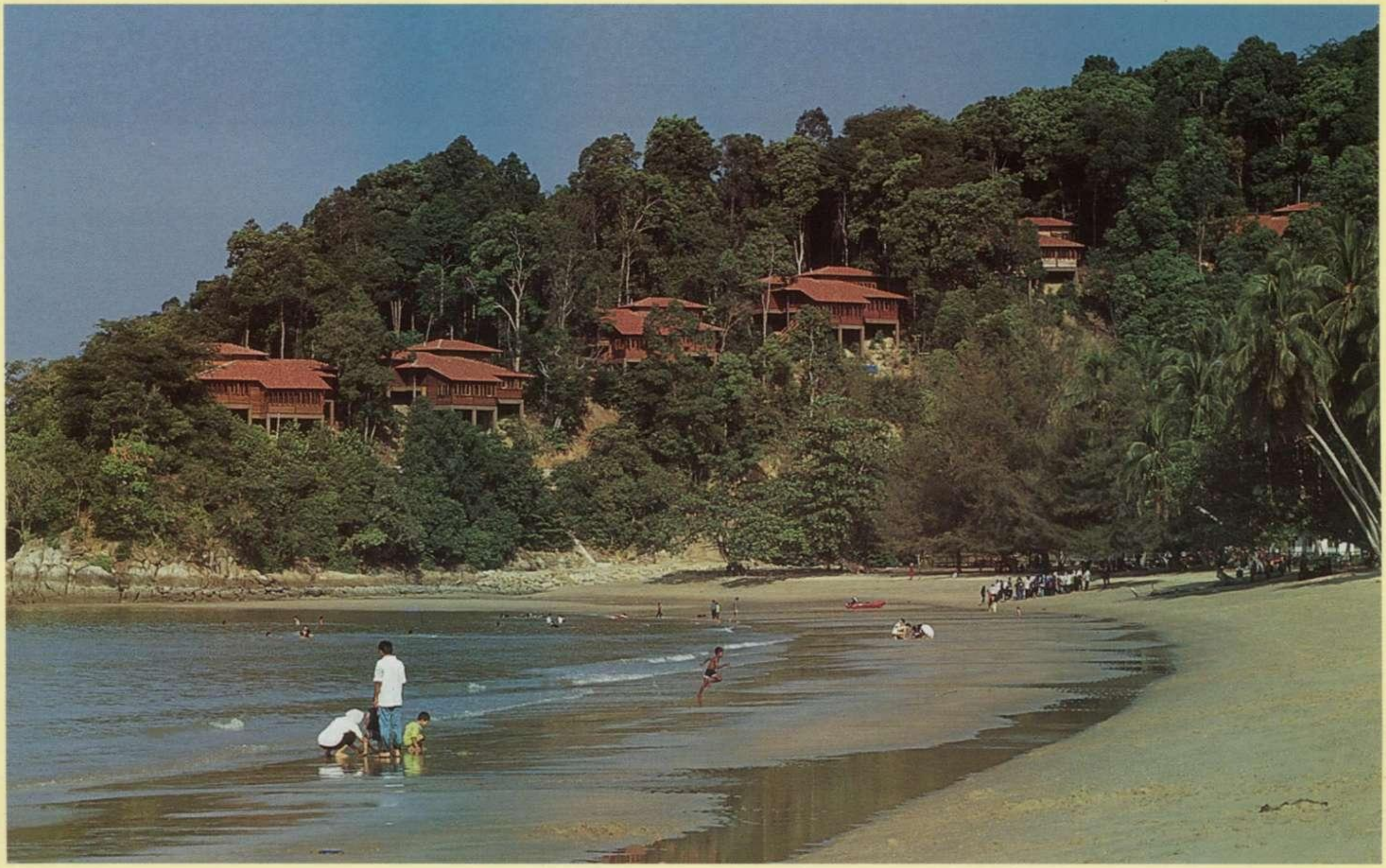
Pulau Pangkor

Forty minutes by ferry from Lumut is the popular island resort of **Pulau Pangkor**.

Located about 90 km southwest of Ipoh, it is largely inhabited by fisherfolk who live in scattered settlements along the eastern coast, fishing for cuttle fish and anchovies.

The real attraction here, however, are its enchanting beaches along the western coastline.

Pantai Puteri Dewi (Golden Sands) or literally, 'Beach of the Lovely Princess' with its white sand, tropical surroundings and sparkling bay is one particular spot. Site of the Pan Pacific Resort, this stretch of beach offers guests elegant accommodation, convention rooms, indoor and outdoor sports facilities, a golf course and facilities for snorkelling and windsurfing.



Teluk Batik is easily accessible from Lumut.

For a bit of history, there's the old Dutch Fort at **Teluk Gedung**. Built in 1670, it was a Dutch stronghold against pirates and local Malays, until a ferocious attack by Panglima Kulub and his followers forced its abandonment. Rebuilt in 1743, it served as a garrison for Dutch soldiers. Today, only the stone foundations and carvings on a large rock left by the soldiers remain.

If solitude amid quiet coves and untrodden bays is what you seek, then **Tortoise Bay, Teluk Nipah, Teluk Dalam** and **Teluk Cempedak** are the places to stay. Marvellous for swimming or just basking in the sun, they offer complete privacy amid lush green surroundings. Teluk Nipah is particularly ideal for snorkelling and diving. As one of Pulau Pangkor's sea parks, it is blessed with spectacular marine life and a vast coral reef.



Pasir Bogak-a popular beach in Pangkor.

Another snorkelling site with an extensive coral reef and shallow, crystal clear waters is **Pantai Pasir Bogak**. The largest and most popular destination on Pulau Pangkor, its large crescent-shaped beach and numerous shade trees also make it the idyllic spot for picnicking. Here you can find ample accommodation ranging from hotels, a government rest house to A-frame huts, to facilities for boating and fishing.



Pangkor Laut - a fabulous getaway

How To Get There

Ferry services operate at half-hourly intervals from Lumut to the island.

Pulau Pangkor Laut

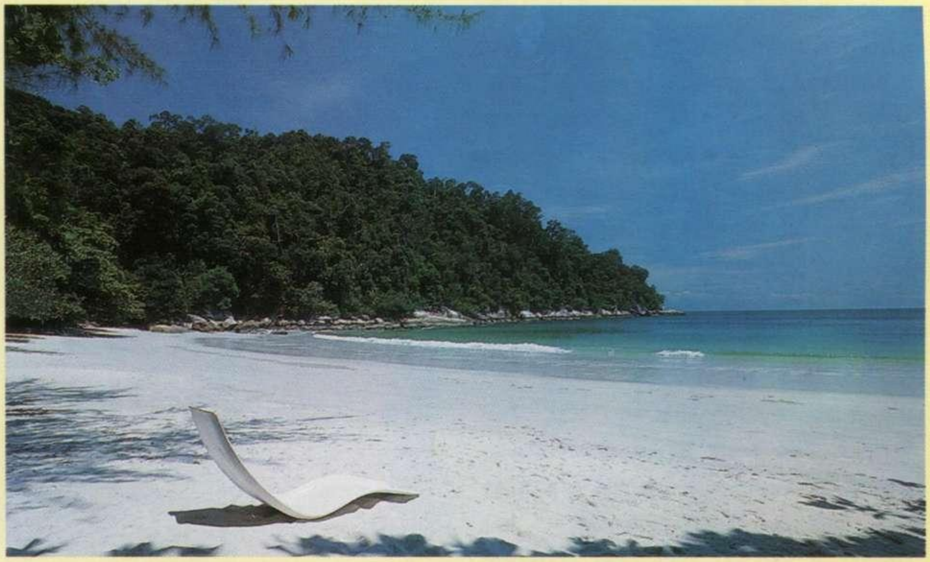
Off the main island of Pulau Pangkor is **Pulau Pangkor Laut**, a privately-owned island that is open to the public. Relatively unspoilt, this 825-hectare island is affectionately known as 'Fantasy Island', due to its lush tropical surroundings and crystal clear waters.

Among its finest beaches is **Emerald Bay**. Reputed to be one of the best beaches on the west coast of Malaysia,

the upscale Pangkor Laut Resort sits here, fronting powdery white beaches and offering guests endless hours of swimming in emerald waters.

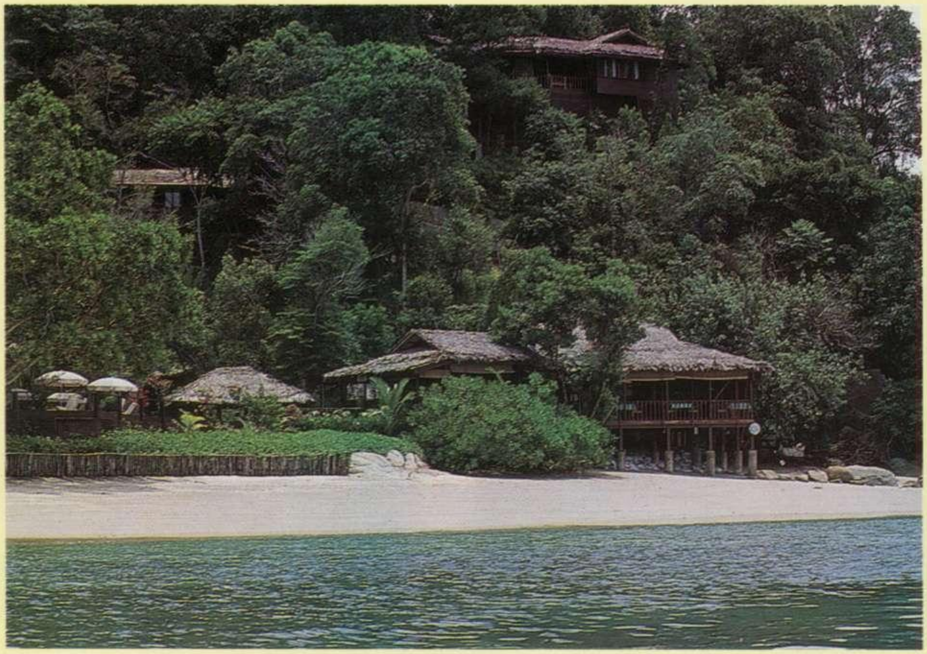
The resort also provides a range of recreational and sporting facilities as well, including snorkelling, water scooters, water skiing, parasailing, canoeing, catamaran sailing, windsurfing and scuba diving.

For those looking to skin dive from Pulau Pangkor Laut, the best spot is off **Coral Beach** where many species of marine life abound in this colourful coral reef. Coral Beach is accessible by land. From the hotel, it is a 20-minute walk along a well marked path.



Emerald Bay on Pulau Pangkor Laut is renowned for its beauty.

Snorkellers will enjoy viewing coral polyps — the animals that build coral reefs — as they emerge from their rock mansions to feed on minute plankton. Interesting fish, exotic sea plants and all sorts of invertebrates live among the rocks. While sailing and windsurfing buffs can seek their thrill at **Royal Beach**.



Pulau Pangkor Laut - 'fantasy island' in the Straits of Malacca.

How To Get There

There are regular scheduled ferry services between Lumut and Pulau Pangkor Laut daily. Pulau Pangkor Laut can be reached in 15 minutes by ferry from Pulau Pangkor.

Pulau Sembilan

Situated 10 nautical miles south of Pulau Pangkor is **Pulau Sembilan**. A cluster of nine small islands, the Sembilan Group includes **Pulau Agas, Pulau Payong, Pulau Nipis, Pulau Rumbia, Pulau Lalang, Pulau Saga, Pulau Buluh, Black Rock** and **White Rock**. Secluded and uninhabited, the islands are usually popular with campers on weekends and public holidays, especially between the months of November and March. The nicest island in the group is Pulau Lalang, which has a fresh water stream and a beach for camping.



Sandy beaches that stretch as far as the eye can see.

The most popular snorkelling and dive spots are around the channel between Pulau Rumbia and Pulau Lalang. The area is about 15 metres deep and has a sandy bottom with scattered coral heads. The hard coral growth supports a number of fish, predominantly groupers, snappers and barracudas.

The channel between Pulau Buluh and Pulau Saga is another site for diving. It is strewn with big boulders, and at depths of 10 metres and below are green tree coral. The area is also known as grouper country to spearfishermen. The eastern side of Pulau Buluh has small rocks, hard corals and coral fish.

White Rock is also a good spot for diving. Being in the open sea, jacks and barracudas are commonly seen, and in the crevices of the coral and rocky substrate may be found many large groupers and snappers.

How To Get There

The islands in the Sembilan Group may be reached by fishing trawler from nearby Pulau Pangkor Laut. However, it is advisable to make arrangements either with tour agents in Pangkor or dive operators in Kuala Lumpur.

For further information, please contact:

Ipoh Tourist Information Centre
Jalan Tun Sambanthan
30000 Ipoh, Perak
Tel: 05-2412958

Perak Tourist Association
No. 22, Persiaran Medan Bercham 5
Pusat Bandar Baru Bercham
31400 Ipoh, Perak
Tel: 05-5363261
Fax: 05-5363275

Tourism Malaysia Information Centre
Bangunan PPP Lumut
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6834057


SELANGOR
North-South Expressway
PAHANG
RAWANG
TANJUNG KARANG
KUALA SELANGOR
KUALA LUMPUR
PETALING JAYA
SUBANG JAYA
SHAH ALAM
PULAU ANGSA
PULAU KETAM
PULAU TENGAH
KLANG
Shah Alam Expressway
PORT KLANG
CYBERJAYA
PUTRAJAYA
KAJANG
Central Link Expressway
PULAU INDAH
WESTPORT
NEGERI SEMBILAN
BANTING
PULAU CAREY
STRAITS OF MALACCA
NILAI
Morib
K.L. International Airport
SEPANG
Bagan Lalang
N


SELANGOR

SELANGOR

Selangor is located on the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia and covers 8,000 square kilometres. It is the most populous state in the country with a population of 2.7 million people. It is also known primarily as the industrial hub of the nation. Despite being industry based, the state is blessed with natural forests, waterfalls, hills and lakes to complement its many man-made attractions.

Places of interest in the state include the Bukit Cahaya Seri Alam Agricultural Park and the Sultan Salahuddin Abdul Aziz Shah mosque, both in Shah Alam, the state's capital. Other notable attractions include Batu Caves, the Royal Selangor Pewter factory in Setapak, the National Zoo-Aquarium, the Kuala Selangor Nature Park and the historical landmarks in the royal town of Klang. Besides these sites, Selangor offers quiet beaches and quaint islands that remain untouched by time.

Morib

For those seeking hours of serenity away from the hustle and bustle of Peninsular Malaysia's more popular west coast resorts, **Morib** is just the beach. Situated at the southern end of Selangor, approximately 1 1/2 hour's drive from Kuala Lumpur, it is the perfect place for those in search of solitude and relaxation.

Surrounded by whispering casuarinas and swaying palms, you can comb the beaches of Morib at ebb tide, searching for seashells or watch small crabs scuttle away and disappear into the sand. You can even spread out a mat and settle down to a picnic lunch beside a shady casuarina grove.

Lovers of history will also discover that Morib contains a wealth of historical sites. There are the ruins of old government buildings and the royal graves at Jugra, including an abandoned palace from the 1800's. Allied Forces also landed on this stretch of beach in September 1945, marking the end of the Japanese Army's occupation of Malaya.

Those wishing to linger awhile in Morib, can stay at Hotel Sri Morib.

How To Get There

Morib is accessible from Kuala Lumpur by the Federal Highway or the North Klang Valley Expressway via Klang. From Klang, proceed to Banting before reaching Morib.

To reach Morib by bus, you should board a Kuala Lumpur-Banting bus from the Klang Bus Station in Kuala Lumpur. From Banting, take another bus or taxi plying the Morib route.



A beautiful sunset at Morib.

Bagan Lalang

Further south of Morib lies **Bagan Lalang**, a quiet stretch of beach off the beaten track.

Accommodation is available at Seri Malaysia Bagan Lalang, which offers guests facilities for boating and fishing.

How To Get There

Bagan Lalang can be reached by car along the Kuala Lumpur-Seremban Highway. Exit at Nilai and take the road to Sepang. It is approximately an hour's drive from Kuala Lumpur. Taxis can also take you to Sepang from Kuala Lumpur.

Pulau Carey

Northwest of Morib, across the sea from Port Klang, is **Pulau Carey (Carey Island)**. Comprised largely of oil palm estates owned by Golden Hope Plantation, the island is also home to the Mah Meri, an aboriginal tribe renowned for their traditional wood carvings, depicting their ancestral spirits or 'moyang'. Successive generations of Mah Meri have kept the legends of their ancestors alive through these figurines, weaving many fascinating tales in the oral tradition.

Visitors wishing to tour the vast oil palm estates on the island must obtain prior permission from the authorities.

To visit the Mah Meri settlement, you may make arrangements with:

The Aborigines Department
(Selangor/Federal Territory)
Sultan Salahuddin Abdul Aziz Shah Building
3rd Floor, South Podium
40000 Shah Alam
Tel: 03-5590375

There is no accommodation for visitors to the island other than the guest bungalows for Golden Hope Plantation's guests.



Traditional Mah Meri wood carvings.

How To Get There

The best way to see the island is to drive from Kuala Lumpur to Teluk Panglima Garang on the Kelang-Banting road. From Teluk Panglima Garang, a narrow road takes you past rustic Malay kampungs to Pulau Carey. A bridge links the mainland to the island. The drive takes approximately one and a half hours.

Pulau Ketam

North of Pulau Carey is the island of **Pulau Ketam** (Crab Island), with its picturesque coastal fishing villages built on stilts. It is blessed with bountiful fishing grounds and is popular among the locals for its superb seafood restaurants. Pulau Ketam is a great place to savour a variety of seafood specialties, in particular — curried crab.

Home stays in a 'kelong house', two or three kilometres off shore from the island, are also available.

How To Get There

There are many taxis and buses plying the Kuala Lumpur-Port Kelang route. Alternatively, one can also take the KTM commuter train to Port Kelang from the Kuala Lumpur Railway Station. From the jetty in Port Klang, board a ferry to Pulau Ketam. The journey takes about an hour.

Pulau Indah

Within the vicinity of Pulau Ketam is **Pulau Indah** (Beautiful Island), where visitors can experience life in a traditional Malay kampung. For a glimpse at the



A fishing village in Pulau Ketam (Crab Island).

unhurried life of the kampung folk, the rustic charm of their homes and the lush green surroundings of this beautiful island, Pulau Indah is a visit well worth taking. Pulau Indah is also the location of Klang's new West Port and cruise terminal.

Despite the lack of accommodation, visitors will find their day well spent here.

How To Get There

Take any Port Kelang bound bus or taxi from the Kelang Bus Station in Kuala Lumpur. From Port Kelang, take another bus to the island. The journey takes about one hour.

Pulau Angsa

Located off the coast of Kuala Selangor, approximately 67 km from Kuala Lumpur, lies **Pulau Angsa**, a lush green island which owes much of its history to the Bugis who were among its earliest settlers. Rich in legends and landmarks, you will find local storytellers only too willing to regale you with their tales about Pulau Angsa's colourful past.

How To Get There

Regular bus and taxi services ply the Kuala Lumpur-Kuala Selangor route. While there is no regular ferry service from Kuala Selangor to Pulau Angsa, there are friendly fishermen only too willing to ferry you across for a nominal sum.

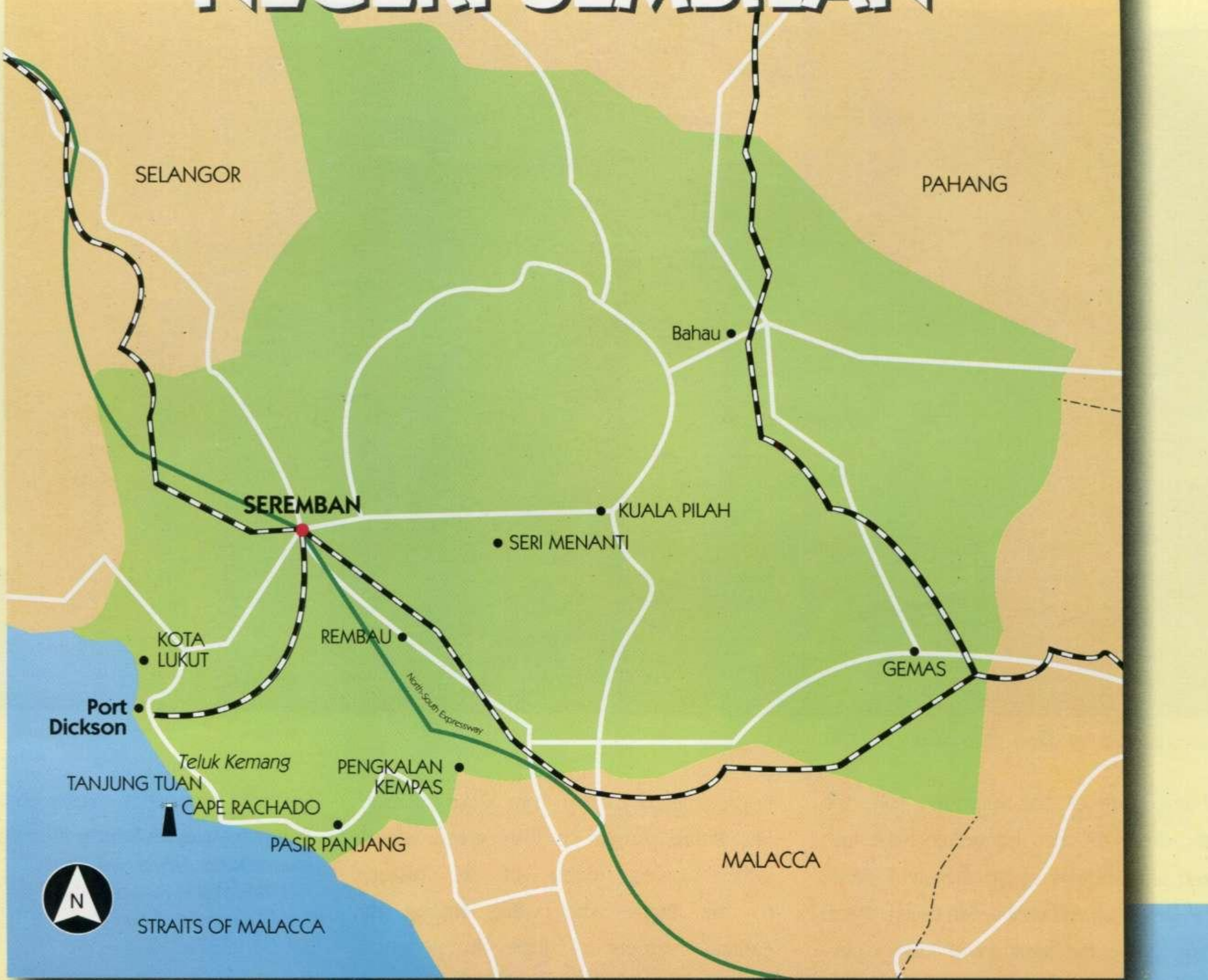
For more information, please contact:

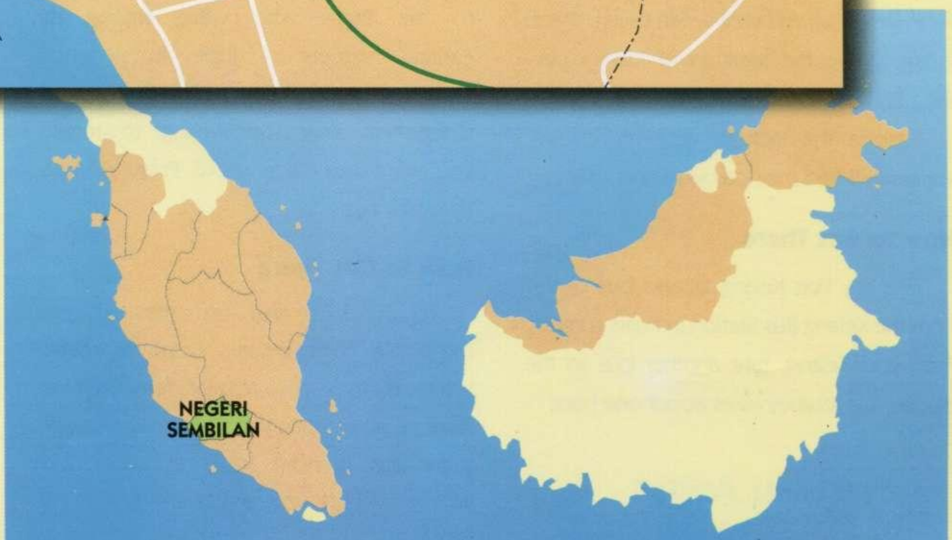
Tourism Malaysia Information Centre
International Arrival Hall, Level 3
KL International Airport (KLIA)
64000 Sepang, Selangor
Tel: 03-87874212

Tourism Malaysia Information Centre
Level 2,
Putra World Trade Centre
45 Jalan Tun Ismail
50050 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 03-4411295

Selangor State Secretariat
State Development & Planning Unit
State Secretariat's Office
Level 16,
Sultan Salahuddin Abdul
Aziz Shah Building
40000 Shah Alam
Tel: 03-5591957
Fax: 03-5509229
e-mail: tourism@selangor.gov.my

NEGERI SEMBILAN



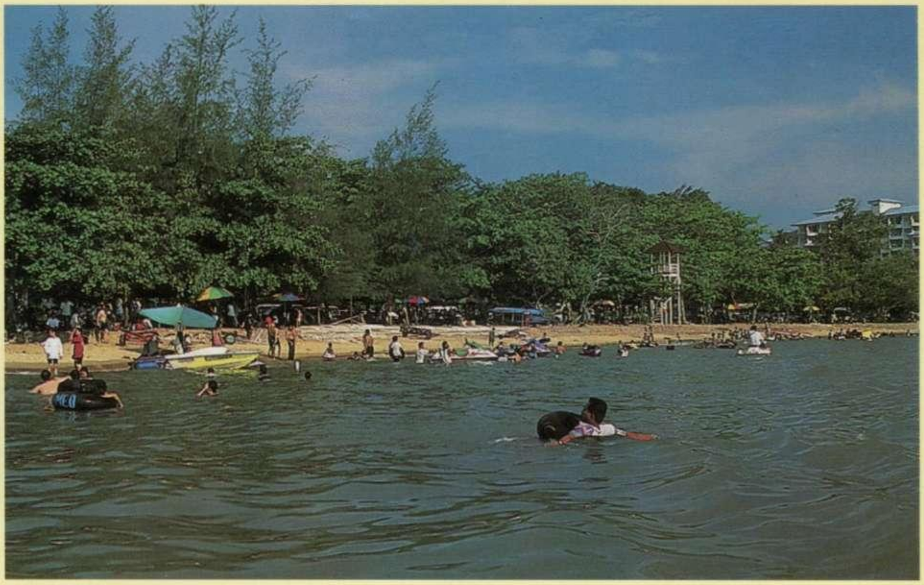


NEGERI SEMBILAN

Negeri Sembilan literally means "Nine States". The state is so named because it comprises nine districts. Located on the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia, it shares borders with Selangor to the north, Pahang to the east, and Johor and Malacca to the south, encompassing an area of 6,645 square kilometres.

This is the land of early settlers from Minangkabau in Sumatera. A people rich in culture, the Minangkabau heritage is today reflected in much of the state's architecture, such as the Istana Lama Seri Menanti, and their matrilineal system (Adat Perpateh). Other attractions in the state include the Cultural Handicraft Complex at Labu Spur, the Pedas Hot Springs, the ancient megaliths at Pengkalan Kempas and the Seremban Lake Gardens.

A state noted primarily for its recreational sites, Negeri Sembilan boasts of one spectacular resort along its 48 km coastline — Port Dickson. With numerous seaside facilities and accommodations, ranging from up-market resorts to budget hotels, it is one of the top destinations along the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia.



Port Dickson offers a wide choice of resorts and picnic spots.

Port Dickson

Located 34 km from Seremban, the state capital, **Port Dickson** has one of the longest beaches in Malaysia, offering holiday makers ample room to frolic and have fun in the sun. With 18 km of beachfront, you can stop anywhere along its coastal road and enjoy sandy beaches lined with tall casuarina trees, coconut palms and the spreading branches of Banyan trees.

A 1 1/2 hour's drive from Kuala Lumpur, you can plunge headlong into a day of fun-filled water sports, such as canoeing, snorkelling, water skiing and windsurfing.

Among Port Dickson's popular beaches is **Taman Aman**. Located near the town, this clean stretch of beach is maintained by the District Council. A favourite spot with Malaysians and visitors, it offers barbecue pits, camping grounds, hawker stalls, budget accommodations and ample parking as well as a playground for children. Nearby is the Port Dickson Golf & Country Club, which is well suited for the holiday maker wishing to also take in a few rounds of golf. Direct all enquiries on accommodation in Taman Aman to Tel: 06-6471122 or 6625588.

Another excellent beach is **Blue Lagoon** approximately 11 km south of Port Dickson. A great place for windsurfing, water skiing, scuba diving or boating, there are several attractive resorts and condominiums in the vicinity.

To the south of Blue Lagoon lies **Cape Rachado Lighthouse**. Built by the Portuguese and administered by the Malacca State Government, this 16th



The ideal getaway for a holiday by the sea.



A beach at Port Dickson.

century beacon guided countless sailing ships to the historical town of Malacca. Still functional after years of use, you can view the endless miles of beaches in Port Dickson from its highest point. On a clear day, you might even see the coastline of Sumatera.

Local folklore around the Cape Rachado lighthouse also reveals that Hang Tuah, the legendary Malay warrior of the 15th century, acquired innate strength and knowledge here. After meditating at this spot, his footprint was left embedded in a boulder. According to legend, it marks the spot where he first landed in Cape Rachado and anyone wishing to see it may do so even to this day.



Taman Aman, a popular recreational spot in Port Dickson.

Seven kilometres northeast of Port Dickson, at **Kota Lukut**, stands the fort of Raja Jumaat, a 19th century Bugis warrior. Built between 1846 and 1847, the fort was constructed to control the lucrative tin trade in the area. Today, the muzzle loading guns that were used to defend the fort can be seen within the grounds of the District Officer's residence and outside the police station in town. Within the vicinity of the fort are the ruins of an old well, the remains of a foundation to an old palace and a royal burial ground.



Enjoy beautiful sunsets during your holiday in Port Dickson.



Lighthouse at Cape Rachado.



Walkway at Lukut overlooking a 'kelong' (fishing hut).

How To Get There

Port Dickson is easily accessible from Kuala Lumpur and Seremban by bus or taxi. Malayan Railway operates a commuter train service to Seremban from the Kuala Lumpur Railway Station. Once in Seremban, you can take a taxi or rent a car to the many points of interest in Port Dickson.


MALACCA
NEGERI SEMBILAN
ALOR GAJAH
MASJID TANAH
Tanjung Bidara
AYER KEROH
Pantai Kundor
Tanjung Kling
North-South Expressway
Klebang
MALACCA
PULAU UPEH
UMBAI
MERLIMAU
PULAU BESAR
STRAITS OF MALACCA
N

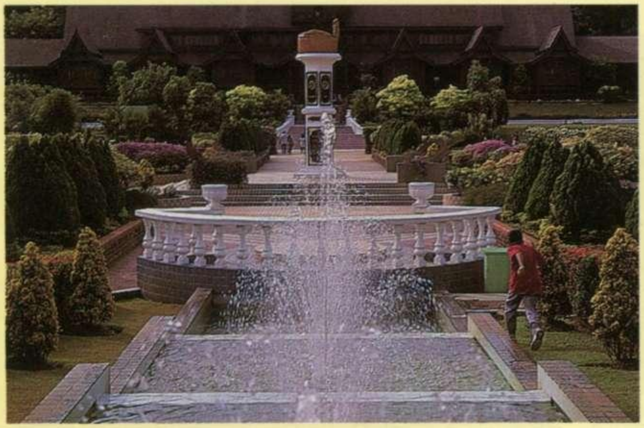

MALACCA

MALACCA

Malacca is located on the southwestern coast of Peninsular Malaysia and covers an area of 658 square kilometres. A state with a wealth of history, Malacca was founded in 1400 by Parameswara, an exiled Hindu prince from Sumatera. It became a great trading emporium and thrived as a port-of-call for many a ship and merchant from China, India, Arabia and South America. It was colonised by the Portuguese in 1511 (for 130 years), the Dutch in 1641 (for 154 years) and the British in 1824 (until independence in 1957). Malacca also came under Japanese occupation from 1942 to 1945. After World War II, the proclamation of Malay Independence by Tunku Abdul Rahman Putra Al-Haj, the country's first Prime Minister, was made at Padang Pahlawan Bandar Hilir (Warriors' Field), in Malacca on 20 February 1956.

The history of Malaysia to say the least, begins in Malacca. It is evident throughout the state and may be seen in landmarks such as Cheng Hoon Teng Temple — the oldest Chinese temple in the country built in 1646, Hang Li Poh's Well built in 1459, the 600-year old Tranquerah Mosque and Hang Kasturi's Mausoleum. You can also browse along Jonker Street for antiques, some as old as 300 years. Take a snapshot of the Dutch-built Stadthuys and Christ Church. Or you can catch a glimpse of the ruins of St. Paul's Church and the gateway to A Famosa fort. Do not miss the Baba Nyonya Heritage Museum dedicated to the descendants of noble Chinese who adopted much of the Malay culture into their own, and see priceless heirlooms from these 'Straits Chinese'. A wealth of history is around every corner just waiting to be discovered.

More than a historical state, Malacca boasts of two charming island resorts, as well as beautiful beaches at Pulau Besar, Pulau Upeh, Klebang, Tanjung Bidara, Tanjung Kling and Pantai Kundur.



Muzium Budaya – a treasure trove of Malacca's rich historical past.

Tanjung Bidara

Tanjung Bidara, 35 km north of Malacca town, is one of Malacca's popular beach resorts. A beach with swaying casuarinas and fine white sand, its cove is perfectly suited for swimming and a host of water sports. There are also numerous shade trees for cosy picnics. Add to these attractions, the journey through Malacca's scenic countryside of swaying padi fields and Malay kampung houses and Tanjung Bidara is a serene hideaway worth visiting.

Those wishing to stay longer will find nearby chalets and motel rooms at Tanjung Bidara Resort, where tennis courts, game rooms and facilities for canoeing, water-skiing and jet-skiing are available.

How To Get There

Express buses and taxis plying the Kuala Lumpur-Malacca route may be boarded at the Puduraya Terminal in Kuala Lumpur. From Malacca town, catch another taxi or the Patt Hup bus en route to Tanjung Bidara at the Jalan Tun Ali Terminal.

You can also travel by car from Kuala Lumpur, using the North-South Expressway to the Alor Gajah intersection. Then drive along the Lendu Road to Masjid Tanah and Tanjung Bidara. It takes approximately 1½ hours to reach Malacca town from Kuala Lumpur and 2½ hours from Singapore.



A Baba Nyonya family.

Tanjung Kling

Another enchanting beach along the Straits of Malacca is **Tanjung Kling**, about 15 km north of Malacca town. A sandy white stretch set within a coconut grove, it is conducive for swimming, picnicking and canoeing.

For a bit of sightseeing, there is the unique octagonal minaret and tiled steps of the Tanjung Kling Mosque, just north of the beach. About one kilometre away lies the grave of Hang Tuah, the legendary Malay warrior.

How To Get There

Tanjung Kling may be reached by the Patt Hup bus from the bus terminal in Malacca town.

Klebang

Visitors looking for a beach that is closer to Malacca town will find **Klebang** ideal. A magnificent sweep of sand caressed by gentle tides, it hugs an equally attractive stretch of glistening blue water. Tranquil and alluring, you may discover the urge to go swimming or to simply wander the beaches admiring the splendour of the scenery.

Further down the coast, approximately 17 km from Malacca town, lies the small fishing village of **Pantai Kundur**. A favourite beach for swimming, picnicking and beachcombing, it offers a truly enjoyable day of sun, sand and surf. For a night with a difference, learn how night fishing is done from a 'kelong' — a wooden house built on stilts over the water.

How To Get There

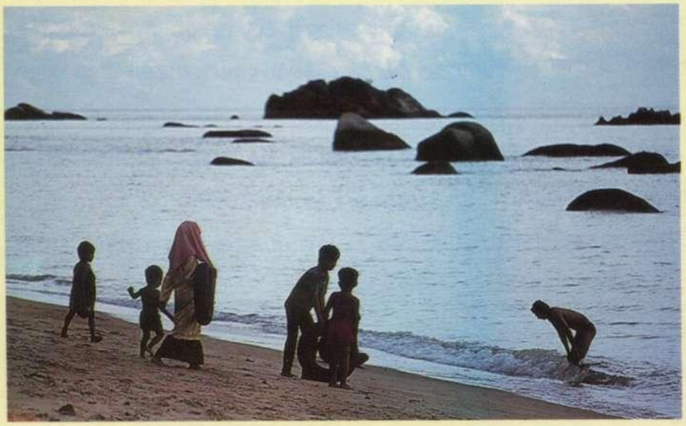
To reach Pantai Kundur and Klebang, catch the Patt Hup bus at the Jalan Tun Ali Terminal in Malacca town. It passes by this stretch on its way to Tanjung Bidara.

To get to Pernu or Serkam, board the Umbai bus at the Jalan Tun Ali Terminal in Malacca town.

Pulau Besar

Located approximately 3 nautical miles off Pengkalan Pernu at Umbai, 10 km south of Malacca town, is **Pulau Besar**. Covering an area of 133 hectares, it is the largest of eight islands off the coast of Malacca. Believed to be the location of Malaysia's earliest civilisation, it abounds in legends about mermaids and princesses, as well as sacred graves and shrines.

An island of unspoilt natural beauty, it is a haven of tranquility for those in search of fresh air and silky white beaches. There is an international class hotel and several beach chalets, an 18-hole international golf course, a yacht club and a host of sea sport facilities for fishing, parasailing, wind-surfing, water-skiing and snorkelling. The island is an equally inviting spot for island hopping, swimming, camping, picnicking and jungle trekking.



Tanjung Bidara's fascinating seascape.



Beachfront on Pulau Besar.



Guests relaxing at the poolside of a resort.



Pulau Upeh is easily accessible from Malacca.

How To Get There

The Syarikat Kenderaan Aziz bus line operates regular services to Umbai from the Jalan Tun Ali Terminal in Malacca town. From the Pengkalan Pernu jetty, a boat then transports you to the island. The journey to Pulau Besar from Umbai by speed boat takes 15 minutes. a 45-minute boat service is available from the Shahbandar jetty in Malacca town as well as the jetty behind the State Tourist Information Centre.

Two nautical miles off the coast of Klebang is **Pulau Upeh**. An island covering some 7 acres, it can easily be covered by foot within 30 minutes. Formerly known as "Ilha Das Pedra" (places of stone), the island has come a long way from its quarrying days when the Portuguese reigned supreme. Now the island attracts visitors to historical sites like the British Memorial Mast, an old well and World War II relics. It also has two landing sites where Hawksbill turtles swim ashore to lay their eggs, plus spectacular sunset strips and an 80-foot observation tower.

As for accommodation, Pulau Upeh Resort offers guests a choice of 72 rooms ranging from suites to chalets. It also has facilities for fishing, swimming, boating, canoeing, windsurfing and jet skiing.

How To Get There

Ferries to Pulau Upeh can be taken from the Shahbandar Jetty in Malacca Town. The journey takes 10 to 12 minutes. Parking is available at the jetty.

For further information, please contact:

Malacca Tourist Information Centre
Jalan Kota
75000 Malacca
Tel: 06-2836538

Malacca State Development Corporation
13th Floor, Graha Maju
Jalan Graha Maju
75300 Malacca
Tel: 06-2825711 Fax: 06-2849686
e-mail: malacca@tm.net.my



An international golf course on Pulau Besar, Malaccca.



Modern beach resorts with every convenience await visitors to Malacca.


JOHOR
PAHANG
SEGAMAT
LABIS
Endau-Rompin National Park
MERSING
PULAU PEMANGGIL
PULAU RAWA
SOUTH CHINA SEA
PULAU HUJONG
PULAU AUR
PULAU BESAR
PULAU TINGGI
PULAU SIBU
North-South Expressway
MUAR
YONG PENG
TANJUNG LEMAN
AYER HITAM
BATU PAHAT
KULAI
KOTA TINGGI
TANJUNG SEDILI
SENAI
STRAITS OF MALACCA
JOHOR BAHRU
TANJUNG PENAWAR
Desaru
TANJUNG KUPANG
STRAITS OF JOHOR
TANJUNG BELUNGKOR
SINGAPORE
TANJUNG PIAI
TUAS
N

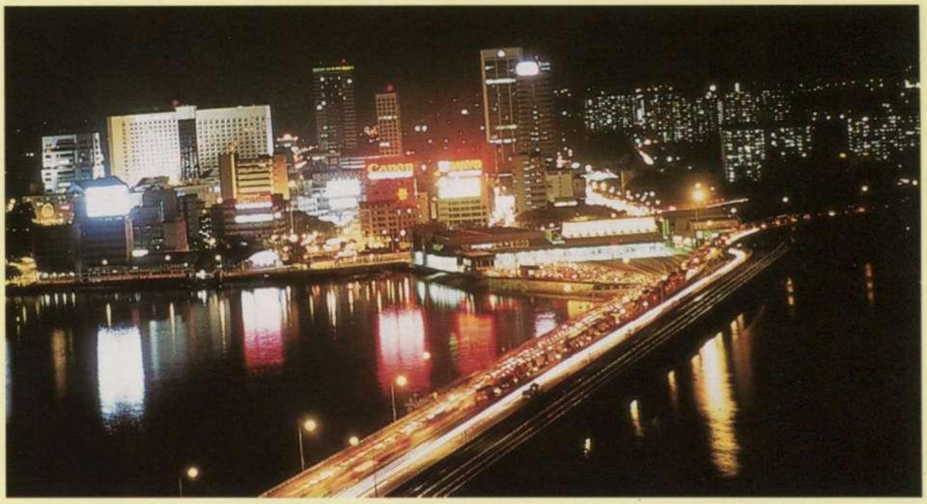

JOHOR

JOHOR

Johor, the southern gateway, is the third largest state in Peninsular Malaysia. Covering an area of 19,984 square kilometres at the southern end of the peninsula, it shares borders with the states of Pahang to the north and Malacca and Negeri Sembilan to the west. A causeway carrying a road and railway line connects the state capital, Johor Bahru, to Singapore in the south. A second road link across the Johor Straits has also been opened, connecting Tanjung Kupang in Johor to Tuas in Singapore.

Johor Bahru has a number of prominent historical buildings such as the Royal Abu Bakar Museum, Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque, Bangunan Sultan Ibrahim (State Secretariat) and the Johor Art Gallery. Outside the capital, in the smaller towns, are picturesque scenes of rurals kampungs, tracts of rubber and oil palm estates and rustic fishing villages. Major attractions include Endau-Rompin National Park which is home to several rare and endangered species of wildlife and plants, the mangrove swamplands at Tanjung Piai, the waterfalls at Kota Tinggi and the 1,276-metre Gunung Ledang (Mount Ophir).

Those who wish to sail around Johor's inlets and coves can do so in the waterways off its southern coast. For holiday makers seeking to bask in the tropical sun or explore underwater worlds, they can choose from the well-known beach resort of Desaru or the beautiful islands off the east coast of Johor. The marine parks of Johor are centred around the islands of Pulau Sibu, Pulau Aur, Pulau Tinggi, Pulau Besar, Pulau Tengah, Pulau Hujong and Pulau Rawa.



Johor Bahru by night with the causeway in the foreground.

Desaru

Desaru (The Village of Casuarinas) is a 25 km stretch of sandy beach lined with casuarina trees. It lies in the southeastern corner of Johor, approximately 98 km northeast of Johor Bahru. Desaru was developed as a tourist resort by the Johor Tenggara Development Authority (KEJORA).

The resort has several hotels, beach chalets, an 18-hole international standard golf course and sports facilities for tennis, canoeing, swimming, boating, snorkelling, water-skiing, catamaran sailing, jungle trekking and fishing.

One place visitors should not miss is the Fishermen's Museum located at the Tanjung Balau fishing village. Visitors can view the museum's impressive collection of fishing traps, tackles and floats on display as well as an exhibition on the folklore of fishermen.

How To Get There

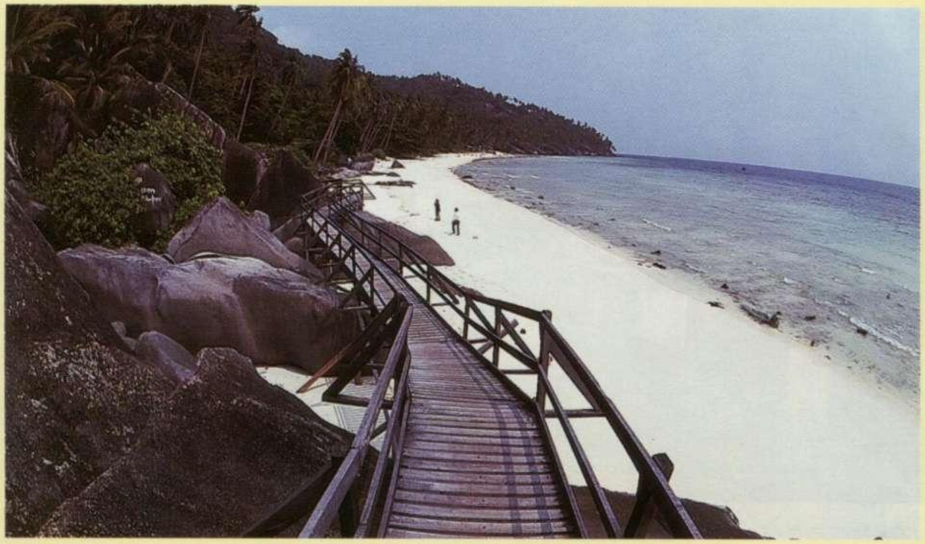
Malaysia Airlines operates regular flights from Kuala Lumpur to Johor Bahru. From there, you can catch a bus or taxi to Tanjung Penawar, near Desaru.

Malayan Railway offers numerous train services connecting major Malaysian cities and towns as well as Singapore to Johor Bahru. At the Johor Bahru Railway Station, you can catch a taxi to Desaru or Mersing.

Ferrylink provides ferry services from Changi Point (near the Singapore International Airport) in Singapore to Tanjung Belungkor, Johor where transport to Desaru can be arranged. Ferrylink ferries



A resort in Desaru offering the ambience for a perfect holiday.



An elevated beach walkway at Pulau Pemanggil.

are modern and spacious and vehicles can be driven on board.

For a taste of the local lifestyle, take a trip to a fishing village on the nearby island of **Pulau Lima**. Aside from fishing, swimming and snorkelling, visitors can trek along jungle trails to view waterfalls or see insects and birds fluttering among the island's dense foliage.

In the vicinity of Pulau Lima is Pulau Sibu and a cluster of satellite islands, namely, **Pulau Sibu Tengah, Pulau Sibu Hujong** and **Pulau Sibu Kukus**. These remote and deserted islands offer an unforgettable holiday experience. For more information on these islands, contact the Tourist Centre in Mersing.

Pulau Sibu

The more developed of the group is **Pulau Sibu**. A pleasant hideaway, it abounds with lush tropical vegetation and endless stretches of golden beaches. On the seaward side of the island are numerous sea caves carved out of its rocks. The result of constant pounding by the sea during the monsoon season, it gives the island a beautiful yet rugged appearance.

Off shore, its waters contain fascinating coral reefs teeming with colourful marine life. Shipwrecks off its coast may also be found. Chinese junks and pirate vessels often exchanged cannon fire around this island, and the remains of these battles lie scattered around the seabed.

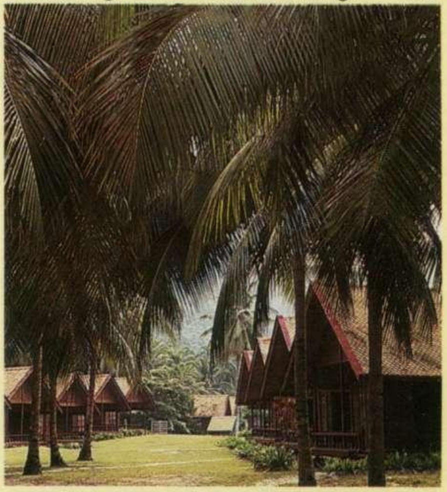
There are facilities for scuba diving, snorkelling, wind surfing, sailing and angling. Visitors can hike through jungle trails leading to unspoilt mangrove swamps, visit the 'kelongs' where anchovies are caught or head for the kampungs where coconut is smoked for copra.

Accommodation on the island range from fully furnished chalets to basic A-frame huts. Bathing facilities are available at the community showers. Restaurants may be found on the island as well, serving a variety of Western and Asian dishes.

North of Pulau Sibu, rising 667 metres. above sea level, lies **Pulau Tinggi**. It was once an important stopover for spice traders more than 600 years ago. The early Chinese traders called it the 'General's Hat Island', due to its conical shape. Endowed with fresh water, a sheltered harbour, fruit, rattan and timber, it is little wonder the island was so popular with traders.

Nine kilometres off the coast of Mersing, sandwiched between Pulau Besar and Pulau Hujong, is the uninhabited island of **Pulau Tengah**. Gazetted by the Malaysian government as a Marine Park in 1985, its waters support abundant marine life and rare species of fish and coral. Giant Leatherback turtles come ashore to lay their eggs annually, especially during the month of July.

Further north lies **Pulau Besar** (The Big Island). Located 15 km off the coast of Mersing, this blissfully secluded isle has several beautiful beaches and is a haven for underwater adventure. Visitors to the island may stay at one of the many rustic chalets and enjoy the delights of organised fishing, island hopping excursions, snorkelling and scuba diving. The



Chalet-type accommodation on Pulau Sibu.



Underwater havens of exotic tropical fish and corals.

restaurants at these resorts serve a variety of local and Western cuisine.

Another secluded and uninhabited island 13 1/2 km off the coast of Mersing is **Pulau Hujong**. An enticing island, far from the cares of the world, Pulau Hujong beckons the traveller to endless stretches of swaying palms, glowing white beaches and glassy blue waters teeming with fish and coral.

16 km off the coast of Mersing lies **Pulau Rawa**. Famed for its white coral sand, tall palm trees and offshore coral reefs with neon-coloured fish and other exotic marine life, Pulau Rawa is truly a paradise island. The wooden chalets nestled amongst coconut groves strengthens the island's quaint island hideaway imagery.

Another enchanting island in Johor's archipelago is the large island of **Pulau Pemanggil**. Fifty-five kilometres from Mersing, this remote and peaceful island is much sought after for its natural beauty and the abundance of marine life found within its clear waters. About 15 kilometres from Mersing the sea turns deep blue and flying fish skip over the water's surface or arch their backs and take to the air, sometimes flying a distance of 33 metres.

Seventy-five kilometres from Mersing lies **Pulau Aur**. A picturesque island with secluded lagoons and offshore pools, it is known for its natural scenic beauty, good bathing spots and water sports. A popular destination for privately owned yachts, many anchor in the calm water between Pulau Aur and Pulau Dayang.

Visibility for diving is superb, and a variety of fish and shells not found in any other part of Peninsular Malaysia can be seen here. The Pinnacles, off the eastern side of the island, is a fine spot to watch open-sea fish; there have even been sightings of the rare whale shark, the largest fish on the planet. The waters around Pulau Aur and Pulau Dayang also offer divers a glimpse of shipwrecks and artifacts strewn along the seabed.

Mersing, a fishing village 138 km north of Johor Bahru, is the departure point to Johor's islands in the South China Sea. The Mersing Boat Hire Association provides boats for inter-island travel or fishing.

Mersing can be reached from Johor Bahru in a two or three hour drive. The Johor-Bahru-Mersing Express also operates scheduled bus services from Johor Bahru to Mersing on Sundays. On other days, departure time depends on the number of passengers. Many taxis ply the route as well.

A majority of the islands offer chalet accommodation for those wishing to stay overnight.

How To Get There

The islands off the coast of Johor can be reached from Mersing by boat.

The journey to Pulau Tengah, Pulau Besar and Pulau Rawa takes about an hour. Pulau Sibu can also be reached from Tanjung Sedili by fast boats which take about 90 minutes. Most of Sibu's resorts operate boat services from Tanjung Leman less than two hours drive from Johor Bahru. From Tanjung Leman, Sibu is just 12 kilometres away.



Dive straight into an unforgettable experience.

Pulau Tinggi is about three hours away. While Pulau Aur can be reached in four to five hours. Pulau Pemanggil takes nearly two hours by fast boat. Ordinary boats are smaller and take about four hours.

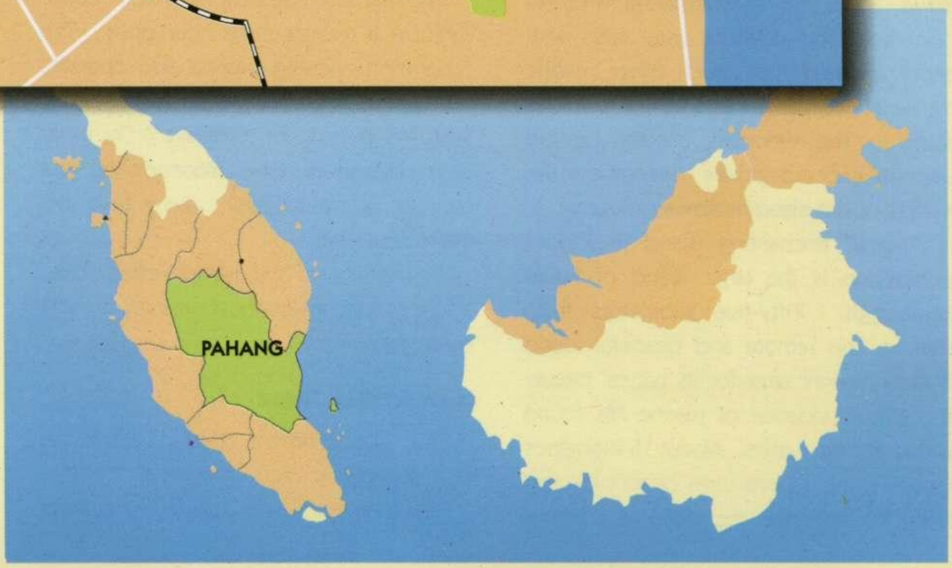
For further information, please contact:

Tourism Malaysia Information Centre
Johor Tourist Information Centre (JOTIC)
Jalan Ayer Molek
80000 Johor Bahru, Johor
Tel: 07-2223591/2240288 Fax: 07-2235502
e-mail: mtpbjhb@tourism.gov.my

Department of Tourism Johor
Johor Tourist Information Centre (JOTIC)
Jalan Ayer Molek
80000 Johor Bahru, Johor
Tel: 07-2234935/2249960 Fax: 07-2237554
e-mail: tourjoho@tm.net.my

Mersing Tourist Centre
Jalan Abu Bakar
86800 Mersing, Johor
Tel: 07-7995212


PAHANG
TAMAN NEGARA
GUNUNG TAHAN
TERENGGANU
SOUTH CHINA SEA
Pantai Chendor
Cherating
Tanjung Ru
Balok
Beserah
JERANTUT
KUANTAN
Teluk Chempedak
RAUB
BENTONG
TEMERLOH
Tanjung Agas
PULAU CHEBEH
PULAU TULAI
PULAU SEPOI
PULAU LABAS
PEKAN
TASIK CHINI
PULAU TIOMAN
JOHOR
Lanjut
PULAU SEMBILANG
PULAU SERI BUAT
MERSING
N


PAHANG

PAHANG

Pahang, the largest state in Peninsular Malaysia with an area of 35,964 square kilometres, is located on the east coast of the country. A state with a wide variety of contrasting landscapes, it offers the holiday maker a wide choice of activities. There are majestic peaks and the cool hill resorts of Fraser's Hill, Genting Highlands and Cameron Highlands. There is even a vast rainforest teeming with myriad flora and fauna in Taman Negara — a national park estimated to be more than 100 million years old. Tasik Chini, steeped in legends and comprising 13 interconnected fresh water lakes, is yet another attraction. The state is also well known for its many glistening beaches, fascinating coral reefs and idyllic islands, including the world renowned Pulau Tioman.

Pulau Tioman

Pulau Tioman, the largest in a group of 64 volcanic islands which includes **Pulau Seri Buat, Pulau Sembilang, Pulau Tulai, Pulau Chebeh, Pulau Labas** and **Pulau Renggis** is situated about 80 km northwest off Peninsular Malaysia's east coast. Said to be the final resting place of a fabled dragon princess who had turned herself into an island in the South China Sea, Pulau Tioman is truly one of the most beautiful islands in the region.

Blessed with miles and miles of soft white sand, swaying palms, wild flowers growing in vivid profusion and cool waterfalls cascading down green slopes, Pulau Tioman is an adventurer's paradise for quiet retreats, trekking, sunbathing and sea sports. Noted for crystal clear water as far down as 33 metres, Pulau Tioman is a veritable garden of colourful marine life, offering underwater sportsmen some of the best dive sites in the world.

One such site is **Salang Beach**. A few fin strokes away a dazzling underwater garden of corals, sea fans, sea anemone, cardinal fish and damsel fish awaits the diving and snorkelling enthusiast.

The shallow reefs at the nearby islands of **Pulau Tulai** and **Pulau Renggis** are also popular spots for scuba diving and snorkelling, and should not be overlooked. Divers can also explore the underwater caves around **Pulau Chebeh** and the incredibly beautiful reefs at **Pulau Sepoi** and **Pulau Labas**. All of these islands are uninhabited and within an hour's boat ride from Pulau Tioman.

When you scuba dive and snorkel at **Air Batang Beach** on Pulau Tioman, be sure to bring along a camera. The neon hues of parrot fish, butterfly fish, Napoleon fish and silver snappers swimming amid a colourful sea garden are well worth capturing on film.

Pulau Tioman's oasis of coral and tropical fish can also be viewed without ever getting wet. Round the island tours are available on glass bottom boats operated by Berjaya Tioman Beach Resort.

The waters around the island also offer plenty of adventure for sportsmen wishing to windsurf, canoe, sail or fish; your choice of catamarans, canoes, sailboats and fishing rods may be easily hired.

For those in search of tranquility and sunshine, **Juara Beach** is the perfect hideaway. Blissfully deserted, it is located on the east coast of the island and accessible only by foot.



Pulau Tioman is among the world's most beautiful islands.

The more adventurous can head for the jungle clad hills of Tioman and scale the island's spectacular twin peaks in the south. The trek offers the serenity of undulating waterfalls and lush greenery at Mukut Village.

Around the waters near **Mukut Village**, divers have a chance to view a coral encrusted wreck of a Japanese warship.

Those who prefer to see the island by bicycle or horseback can make arrangements at Berjaya Tioman Beach Resort. Indeed, Tioman's simple modes of transport and your own two feet are the best ways to take in the sights.

Getting around the island is also possible by sea bus. For details, check with your hotel reception/tour desk.

Golfers can hit the greens at the Tioman Golf Club, and get in 18 holes of relaxing golf, surrounded by massive granite boulders, emerald rainforests and cascading waterfalls.

How To Get There

Pelangi Air operates daily flights to Tioman from Kuala Lumpur and Singapore. Berjaya Air operates daily flights to Tioman from Kuala Lumpur. Flight time is approximately one hour.

Tourists from Singapore may take bus No. 170 at Queen Street to the Johor Bahru Bus Station in Larkin. From there take the Johor Express to Mersing followed by 1½ hours boat ride to Tioman. Tourists may also hire a taxi from Johor Bahru to Mersing or Tanjung Leman, the jumping off point to Tioman.

The Island Pearl catamaran ferry operates daily trips to Tioman from the Singapore World Trade Centre. It departs in the morning, and makes the 122 nautical mile trip in about 4½ hours.

Teluk Cempedak

On the mainland, 5 km from the town of Kuantan and overlooking the South China Sea, is **Teluk Cempedak**. A sun-drenched beach with two international class hotels, it offers excellent water sport activities such as sailing, surfing, water skiing and sunbathing.

Just a short trek through the Teluk Cempedak Forest Reserve will take you through scenic overlooks of the sea and on to **Pelindung Beach**. If you are game for more jungle trekking, there's an alternative route leading to the mini-zoo. Permission from the authorities and a local guide must be obtained.

A showcase of the state's handicrafts can also be found at Telok Cempedak. The Balai Karyaneka (Handicraft Centre) has treasures and trinkets galore, including wood carvings, pandanus household articles, gold-threaded songket material, shell crafts and batik.

How To Get There

Malaysia Airlines operates daily fights from Kuala Lumpur and Singapore to Kuantan.

Express bus services and taxis ply the routes from major towns to Kuantan. You can then proceed to Teluk Cempedak by taxi.



Schools of friendly coral fishes are ever ready to accompany any diving expedition.



Islands with pristine beaches and tropical greenery dot the seas off the East Coast.



The haunting beauty of Telok Chempedak, Kuantan.

Beserah

Seven kilometres north of Kuantan lies the fishing village of Beserah. Well known for its salted fish, it is one of the few places in Malaysia where fishermen employ water buffaloes to transport their fish from the boats to the processing area.

Aside from fishing, **Beserah** supports many cottage industries, including a batik factory and a handicraft workshop that produces items made from sea shells and coconuts. You can take a taxi from Kuantan town or from the airport to reach Beserah.

Balok Beach

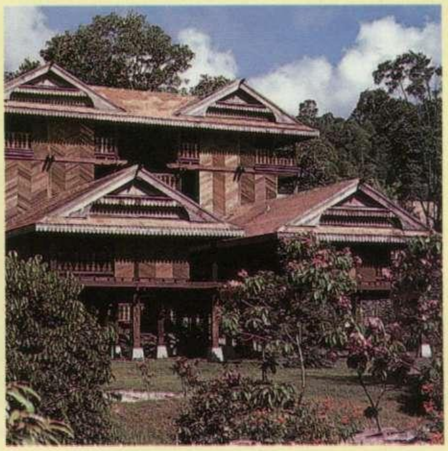
Another welcome haven in Pahang is **Balok Beach**. Approximately 15 kilometres north of Kuantan, its seemingly unending stretch of white sand, swaying casuarinas and tropical breezes make it the ideal location for camping, sunbathing and swimming.

Those in search of something less sedate, can try out the sport facilities around the Coral Beach Resort. You can paddle out from the beach, unfurl a sail and get ready for the roller-coaster ride of your life; as Balok Beach is reputed to be one of the ten best wind surfing spots in the world.

You can catch a taxi either at the Kuantan Airport or in town to reach Balok.

Cherating

One beach synonymous with Asia's first Club Mediterranee is **Cherating**. Located approximately 47 km north of Kuantan, this world famous Club occupies only a small part of the beach. A variety of accommodations are available in Cherating, including affordable but comfortable rooms and chalets.



Club Mediterranee, Cherating.

Foremost among Cherating's attractions is the rustic atmosphere and warm hospitality of the village folk who usually play host to its visitors. To enjoy this friendly environment, you can arrange to stay at an inexpensive village hut.

Cherating also offers the opportunity to shop for souvenirs, and to see how village maidens nimbly weave pandanus leaves into mats, hats, bags and other handicrafts.

Close to Cherating, approximately 1 1/2 km away, lies **Chendor Beach**. A favourite sunbathing spot noted for its seclusion, it is also home to Green turtles and the occasional Giant Leatherback turtle. To catch their annual migration, come between early July and September, when they swim ashore nightly to nest and lay their eggs.

On the southeastern coast of Pahang, approximately 118 km from Kuantan, is **Lanjut Beach** in Rompin. A golden stretch of sand, it has a host of recreational facilities, including scuba diving and swimming. For the golfer, one of the best courses in the state can be found nearby, at the Lanjut Golden Beach Golf Resort.

Visitors can also travel 65 km from Lanjut and make a day trip to Endau-Rompin State Park. One of the oldest rainforest jungles in the world, it provides an intriguing glimpse of wildlife in their natural habitat.

How To Get There

Visitors to Cherating should make prior arrangements with the hotels for pick-up services at Kuantan town or from the airport. Travelling by taxi or self-drive car are the most practical modes of transportation to reach Lanjut.

For further information, please contact: –

Pahang Tourist Information Centre
Kompleks Teruntum
Jalan Mahkota
25000 Kuantan
Tel: 09-5171623/24 Fax: 09-5171626
e-mail: pkpf@pahang.gov.my

TERENGGANU


PULAU PERHENTIAN KECIL
PULAU PERHENTIAN BESAR
KUALA BESUT
PULAU REDANG
JERTEH
PULAU BIDONG
Penarik
MERANG
SOUTH CHINA SEA
Pulau Duyung
Teluk Dalam
Pantai Air Tawar
KUALA TERENGGANU
Pantai Batu Buruk
PULAU KAPAS
Chendering
MARANG
KENYIR LAKE
Kelulut
KELANTAN
Rantau Abang
Tanjung Jara
PULAU TENGGOL
DUNGUN
Sekayu Waterfalls
KERTEH
PAHANG
KEMAMAN
Teluk Mengkuang
CHUKAI


TERENGGANU

TERENGGANU

Terengganu is one Malaysian state truly blessed with a wealth of charming landscapes and natural wonders. Its 225 km coastline of white sandy beaches, quaint fishing villages, captivating offshore islands and aquamarine waters make it a great holiday destination.

Among its attractions is Kenyir Lake, a rock-filled dam that has become an angler's haven. Sekayu Waterfalls with its seven cascades, natural landscape and varied wildlife is yet another. Even the vibrant cottage industries involved in the making of traditional handicrafts, such as songket, batik, brassware, pandanus mats and basket weaving, bear testimony to a people whose heritage dates back as far as 2,000 years.

The beach resorts of Tanjung Jara and Rantau Abang, sixty kilometres south of Kuala Terengganu, the state capital, are also points of interest to see. The latter beach is particularly fascinating as it is one of the best places to watch Giant Leatherback turtles. Equally impressive are the islands of Pulau Perhentian, Pulau Redang, Pulau Kapas, Pulau Tenggol and Pulau Lang Tengah in the Marine Park, which is both picturesque and abundant in marine life.

Pulau Redang

Pulau Redang, located 45 km off the coast of Kuala Terengganu is the largest of a group of islands dotting the South China Sea off the Terengganu coast. The island offers crystal clear waters and numerous dive sites for the enthusiast. Sheltered within the Pulau Redang Marine Park, the waters here abound with marine life. At mid-day, when the rays of the sun penetrate the sea, brilliant hues of coral, anemones and clams may be seen.

The waters around Pulau Redang also contain two historic shipwrecks. The *H.M.S. Prince of Wales* and *H.M.S. Repulse* were sunk here at the start of World War II, setting the stage for the Japanese occupation of Malaya.

This paradise island is perfect for snorkelling, swimming, scuba diving, jungle trekking, boating and canoeing. No fishing is allowed within a 3.2 km radius of the island as Pulau Redang is gazetted as a marine park. The collection of corals and other aquatic life is also prohibited.

The adjacent islands of **Pulau Ekor Tebu, Pulau Ling, Pulau Pinang, Pulau Bidong, Pulau Lang Tengah** and **Pulau Lima** are excellent underwater havens for snorkellers as well.

Visitors to Pulau Redang have a choice of accommodation ranging from budget to international standard hotels. Guests staying at Berjaya's two hotel properties on the island can also enjoy playing at the 18-hole golf course.



Pulau Redang is well-known for its beaches and its many offshore diving spots.

How To Get There

Begin your island-hopping adventure by catching a boat at any of the jetties in Kuala Terengganu and Merang. Travelling time to Redang from Kuala Terengganu takes 1½ hours and 50 minutes from Merang.

Pulau Perhentian

Pulau Perhentian, meaning 'stopover island' is not to be missed. Some 21 km from the coast of Terengganu, it comprises the islands of **Pulau Perhentian Besar** and **Pulau Perhentian Kecil**. Covered by virgin jungle, windswept palms, powdery white beaches and surrounded by sapphire blue waters, Pulau Perhentian is a sanctuary to fishermen, migratory birds and holiday makers.

On the edge of the Pulau Redang Marine Park, Perhentian's coral fringed waters provide excellent underwater seascapes for snorkelling and scuba diving. Arrangements can also be made for island cruises and boats can be hired to look for small bays and secluded coves in which to swim. A trip to these tropical islands is a must as well for those who enjoy windsurfing, sailing, canoeing and deep sea fishing.

Of the two islands, Pulau Perhentian Kecil is the more secluded and isolated with only minimum facilities while Pulau Perhentian Besar has been carefully developed to cater to visitors. Perhentian Island Resort on the latter island provides chalets, dormitories and campsites for its guests. Those wishing to stay will find the accommodation to be basic yet comfortable.



Idyllic Pulau Perhentian.

How To Get There

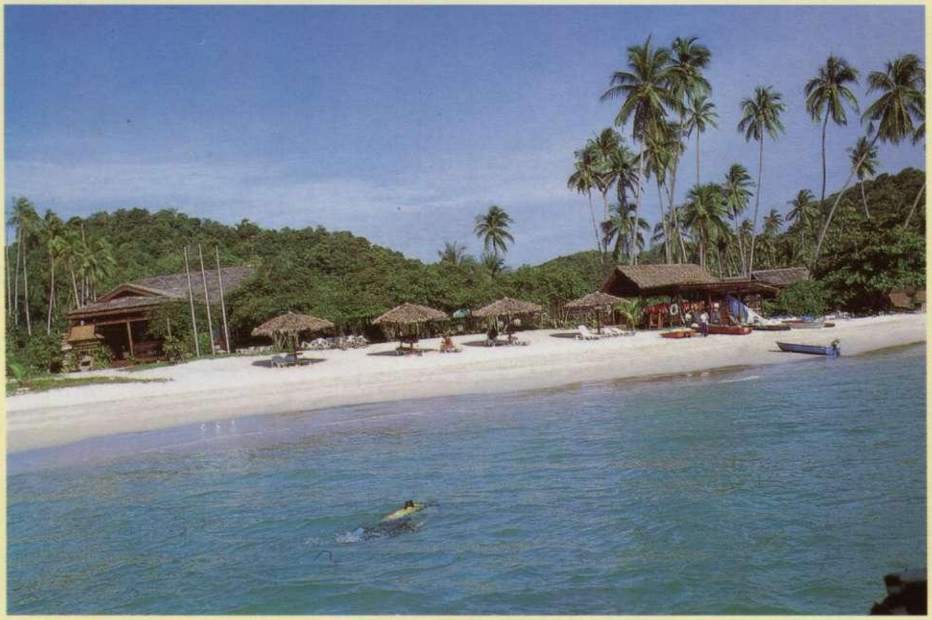
From Kuala Terengganu, take a taxi or bus to the fishing port of Kuala Besut. Then board a boat at the Fisheries Complex for Pulau Perhentian. The boat ride takes over an hour to reach the island.

Kuala Terengganu

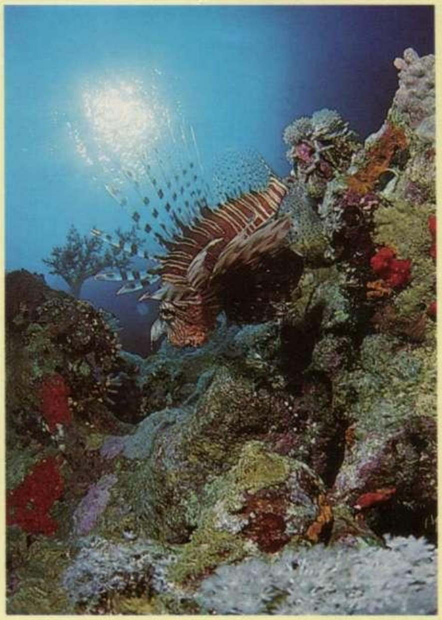
A stretch of beaches may be found in the state's capital, Kuala Terengganu. Conveniently located along the town's waterfront, **Pantai Air Tawar** and **Teluk Dalam** are ideally situated for anyone wanting to unwind after a day of shopping and offshore excursions.

Close to the estuary of the Terengganu River, in Kuala Terengganu, is the island of **Pulau Duyung**. A five minute boat ride from the town's waterfront or accessible by the Sultan Mahmud Bridge, it is home to Terengganu's master boat builders. Uniquely and skillfully crafted, the boats are built entirely from the memory without the aid of a blueprint. Pulau Duyung is also known for its dried and salted fish cracker industries.

On the eastern side of Kuala Terengganu is **Pantai Batu Buruk**. A golden strand set amidst a casuarina grove, it is the site of the Primula Park Royal Hotel.



Well-developed accommodation and facilities at Pulau Kapas.



Swim amongst crystalline corals and delicate-looking tropical fish.

Apart from being the venue for the annual Beach Festival, Pantai Batu Buruk is also a popular place for strolling and swimming.

Six kilometres south of Kuala Terengganu is the charming village of **Chendering**. A town with a beautiful palm lined beach and long jetty, Chendering is perfect for swimming and fishing. Site for a national deep sea fishing project, it is also the location of the Malaysian Handicraft Centre.

The Centre offers visitors an opportunity to see artisans at work while viewing a wide selection of Malaysian handicrafts. Some of the items found here include songket, batik, vases and bags made from pandanus leaves.

How To Get There

The Kuala Lumpur-Kuala Terengganu Express bus line operates scheduled services to Kuala Terengganu from Kuala Lumpur. Taxis are also available from Kuala Lumpur to Kuala Terengganu. Chendering and the surrounding beaches are easily reached from Kuala Terengganu by bus and taxi or even on foot for the more intrepid visitor.

Pulau Kapas

About 6 km off the coast of Marang is **Pulau Kapas**. An island renowned for its clear waters, sandy white beaches and swaying palms, it is relatively isolated. Home to an infinite variety of hard and soft corals, the waters around the island abound with seashells, fish and turtles.

The island's laid back atmosphere is ideal for relaxation but the more adventurous will find it also a haven for swimming, snorkelling, wind-surfing, kayaking, boating and fishing.

Primula Kapas Island Resort provides comfortable chalets.

How To Get There

You can board a taxi or bus at Kuala Terengganu to the fishing village of Marang. From there, take a half hour's boat ride to Pulau Kapas.

Kelulut/Rantau Abang/Tanjung Jara

Between Marang and Rantau Abang lies **Pantai Kelulut**. A tranquil strand ideal for swimming and sunbathing, any visitor

to Kelulut will be easily captivated by its natural beauty and peacefulness. Accommodation may be found at the Semarak Marang Beach Cottage.

Located 60 km south of Kuala Terengganu lies **Rantau Abang**, one of only six beaches in the world where the Giant Leatherback turtles come to nest. Weighing more than 375 kg. and up to 2.5 metres in length, these gentle giants lumber ashore between May and September.

To see the turtles up close, you can go to the hatchery or keep a vigil between midnight to dawn, when the turtles can be seen swimming ashore to lay their eggs.

Visitors who want to spend some time at Rantau Abang can find quaint chalets nearby.

For timeless beauty and serenity, **Tanjung Jara** is the beach to resort to. Some 60 km south of Kuala Terengganu, its golden beach is encircled by a tranquil fresh water lagoon.

More than a scenic retreat, Tanjung Jara is a delightful place for swimming, wind surfing, turtle watching, boating, sailing, snorkelling and scuba diving. Fishing trips and island-hopping tours to nearby islands can also be arranged. Even an exciting river safari up the Dungun River is available for the rugged and adventurous at heart.

You can get to Pantai Kelulut, Rantau Abang and Tanjung Jara by taxi or by catching the Dungun bound bus at Kuala Terengganu's central bus station.



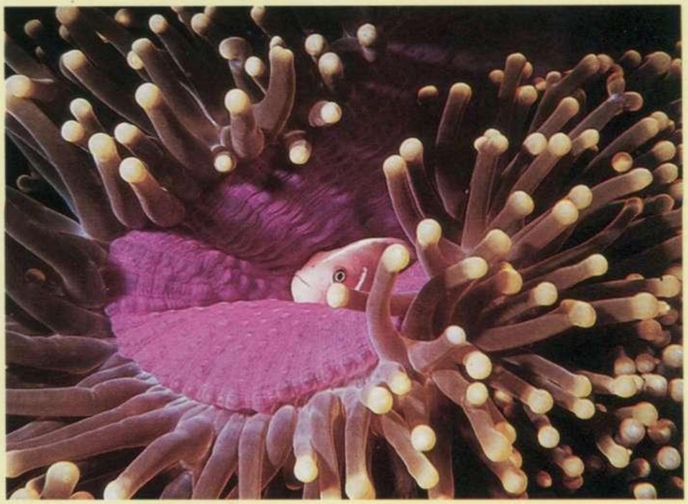
Pulau Tenggol is a pleasant retreat.



View underwater sights rarely seen by many.



Enjoy close encounters with denizens of the deep.



Behold the beauty of marine life in its natural state.

Pulau Tenggol

Seventeen kilometres off the coast of Kuala Dungun lies the small rocky island of **Pulau Tenggol**. An island visited mostly by fishermen, picnickers and naturalists, it possesses a variety of plants and animals, particularly reptiles.

The western part of the island — with its secluded white beaches backed by steeply forested cliffs — is a pleasant retreat for swimming, diving, quiet strolls and lazing on the beach.

Basic chalet-type accommodation is available on the island. Alternatively, accomodation is also available in Dungun, on the mainland.

How To Get There

Take a bus or taxi from Kuala Terengganu to Dungun and then board a boat at the jetty to reach Pulau Tenggol.

At the southeastern end of Terengganu, near Kemaman, is the lovely beach of **Teluk Marina**. This sandy white stretch with its palm lined lagoons and aquamarine water is an irresistible place to go swimming or picnicking. Indeed, it is the ideal beach to get away from the congestion of urban living.

How To Get There

From Kuantan, take the Kemaman bound bus at the bus terminal at Jalan Besar. If you are coming from Kuala Terengganu, take the Kemaman bus at the Syed Hussin Central Bus Station.

For more information, please contact:

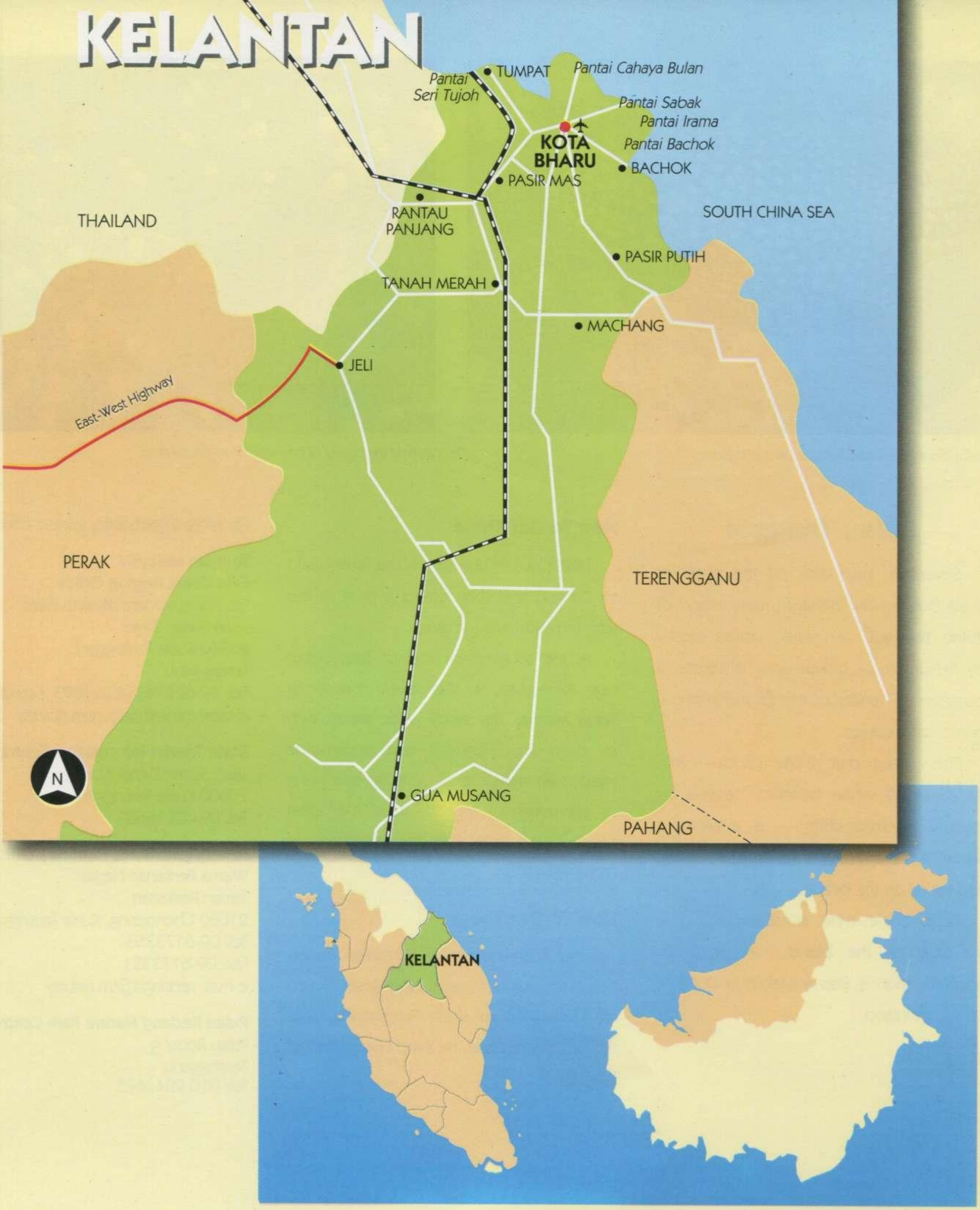
Tourism Malaysia
East Coast Region Office
5th Floor, Menara Yayasan Islam
Jalan Sultan Omar
20300 Kuala Terengganu
Terengganu
Tel: 09-6221433/6221893 Fax: 09-6221791
e-mail: mtpbkt@tourism.gov.my

State Tourist Information Centre
Jalan Sultan Zainal Abidin
20000 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6221553

Terengganu State Fisheries Office
Wisma Perikanan Negeri
Taman Perikanan
21080 Chendering, Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6173353
Fax: 09-6173351
e-mail: redangtl@tm.net.my

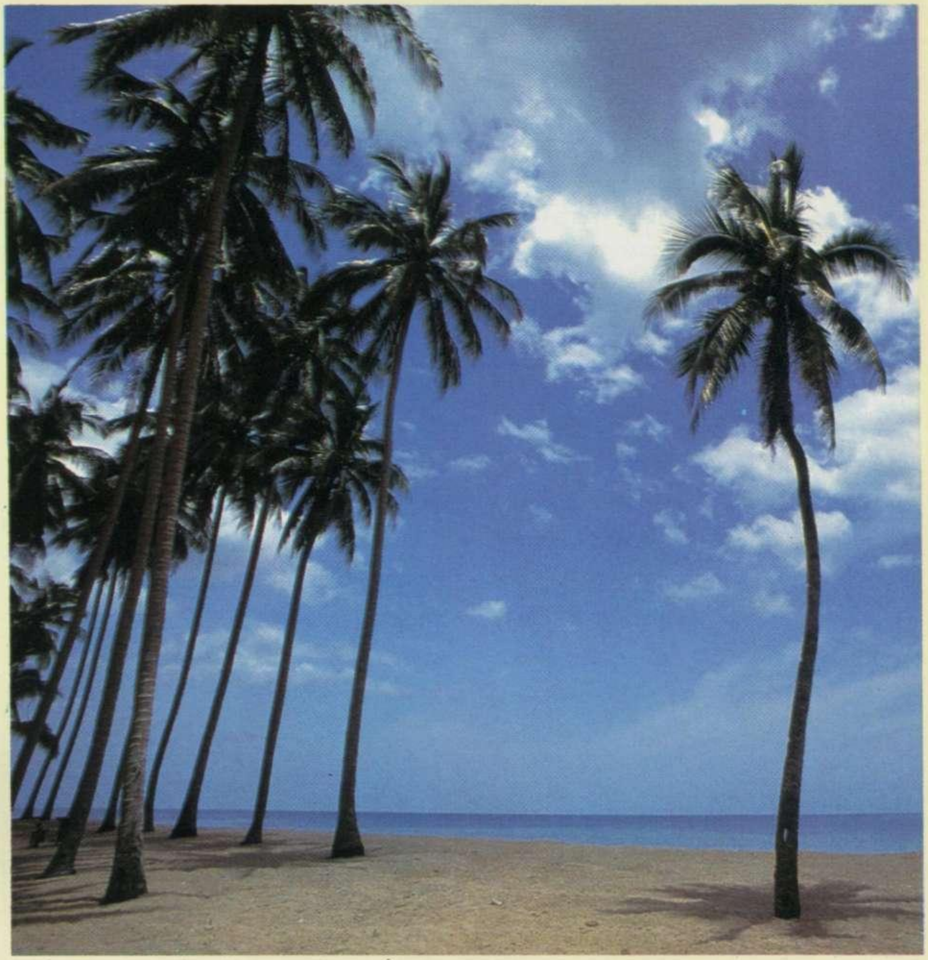
Pulau Redang Marine Park Centre
Pulau Redang
Terengganu
Tel: 010-9843625

KELANTAN


TUMPAT
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
Pantai Seri Tujoh
Pantai Sabak
Pantai Irama
KOTA BHARU
Pantai Bachok
BACHOK
PASIR MAS
RANTAU PANJANG
THAILAND
SOUTH CHINA SEA
PASIR PUTIH
TANAH MERAH
MACHANG
JELI
East-West Highway
PERAK
TERENGGANU
GUA MUSANG
PAHANG
N
KELANTAN

KELANTAN

Kelantan, which means the "Land of Lightning", is a veritable treasure trove of delights, with its tropical forests, rustic fishing villages, verdant padi fields and languid, palm fringed beaches. Tucked away in the northeastern corner of Peninsular Malaysia, on the border with Thailand, the state is home to giant tops, colourful kites and the wayang kulit or shadow play. Kelantan has preserved many of its age-old customs and traditions, earning it the distinction of being called the "Cradle of Malay Culture".



Kelantan offers pristine, golden beaches.

Pantai Cahaya Bulan

You can stop at the various cottage industries along the road to **Pantai Cahaya Bulan** and discover some of Kelantan's rich heritage, including batik prints, songket, kites and copper-tooled handicrafts.

Located approximately 10 km southeast of Kota Bharu, this famous golden beach is shaded by tall casuarina trees and coconut palms, providing the ideal place for picnics, camping and relaxation. For your added convenience, comfortable chalets are available at the beach.

Further down the coast, approximately 13 km south of Kota Bharu, is **Pantai Dasar Sabak**. Dubbed the "soul of Malaysia's east coast", Pantai Dasar Sabak is the rustic fishing village where the Japanese Army landed in December 1941, before making their way south to Singapore and occupying Malaya.

Historical significance aside, Pantai Dasar Sabak is well suited for swimming and sunbathing, as well as catching the sights and sounds of fishermen returning with their catch in colourfully decorated boats.

Another fascinating fishing village, 15 km south of Kota Bharu, is **Kuala Besar**, a coastal town with a strikingly beautiful beach and rustic kampung houses nestled in the shade of palm groves. It is an idyllic getaway for those seeking peace and quiet.

After a refreshing dip in the waters of the South China Sea and basking in the sun, you might take a walk down the beach to the rows of fish drying in



Watch giant kites take to the air.

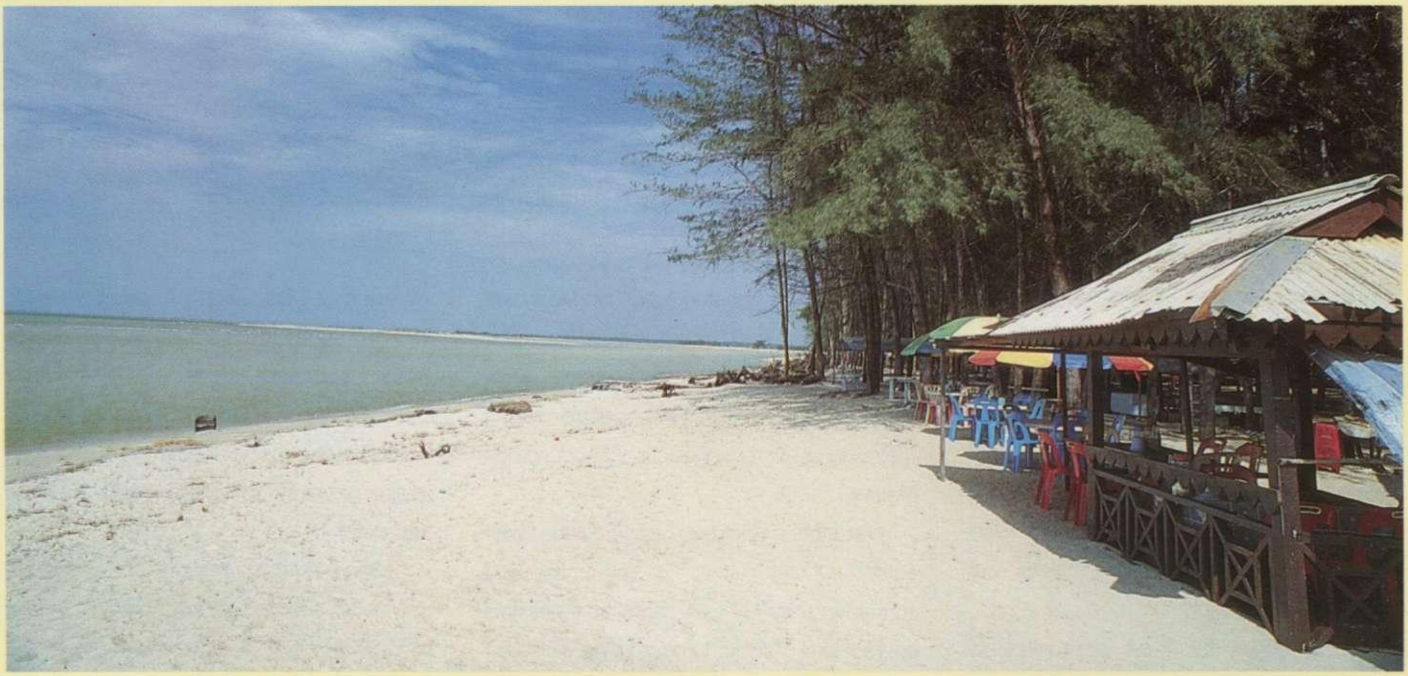
the bright sunlight. Or stroll among the kampung houses and see friendly fishermen mending their nets and repairing their boats.

Located in the district of Bachok, about 25 km south of Kota Bharu, lies **Pantai Irama** (Beach of Melody), reputed to be the most beautiful beach in Kelantan. Just sit down on the pristine white sands and listen to the intricate symphony of rushing waves and whispering wind through the casuarina trees. Come for a day of sunshine and picnicking and you might well end up camping for the night under a canopy of stars.

Another enchanting seaside haven is **Pantai Bisikan Bayu** (Beach of the Whispering Breeze), also known as Pantai Dalam Rhu. Located near the fishing village of Semerak, about 50 km away from Kota Bharu, this secluded beach with tall casuarinas and lush tropical greenery promises to soothe even the most world-weary traveller. This beach is also a favourite spot for picnics and swimming.

Pantai Seri Tujuh (Beach of Seven Lagoons), situated near the Malaysian-Thai border at Kampung Tujuh in Tumpat, 7 km north of Kota Bharu, is set amid some of the most spectacular scenery in Kelantan. This exceptionaly beautiful beach offers quiet spots to snorkel, scuba dive or swim.

Visitors will be treated to a display of colourful and unusually shaped kites during the annual International Kite Festival held here, including the intricately decorated gigantic Malaysian kite — the 'Wau Bulan'.



One of the many casuarina-fringed beaches of Kelantan.

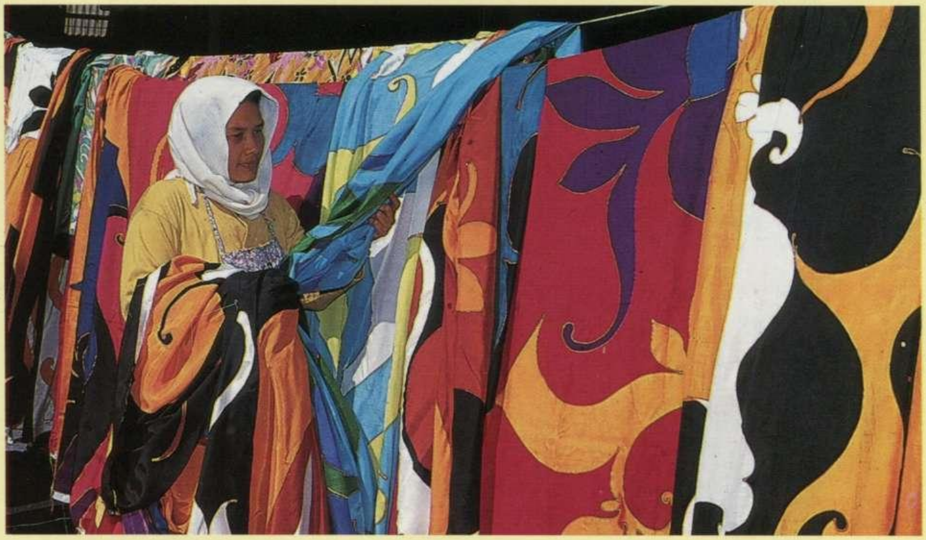
How To Get There

Malaysia Airlines operates daily flights from Penang, Kuala Lumpur and Johor Bahru to Kota Bharu. Visitors going to the outlying towns and the various beaches can take a bus or taxi at the Jalan Padang Garong Terminal in Kota Bharu. Bus services to Pantai Cahaya Bulan departs from the Central Market.

Visitors travelling by train to Kota Bharu can disembark either at Wakaf Bharu or Tumpat and proceed by bus or taxi into town.

Express bus services connect the major towns within Peninsular Malaysia and Singapore to Kota Bharu.

The SKMK bus line operates regular services to the outlying towns and beaches from the Jalan Padang Garong Terminal in Kota Bharu. When travelling to Pantai Bisikan Bayu, however, you must transfer to the Kuala Besut bound bus at Pasir Putih, then disembark at Semerak. The beaches are just a short walk away.



Kelantan batik is a popular souvenir for visitors

For more information, please contact:

State Tourist Information Centre
Jalan Sultan Ibrahim
15050 Kota Bharu, Kelantan
Tel: 09-7485534/7483543
Fax: 09-7486652



Local Fishermen with their colourful boats.


SABAH
PULAU LAYANG-LAYANG
PULAU BANGGI
KUDAT
PULAU JAMBONGAN
SOUTH CHINA SEA
TURTLE ISLANDS PARK
TUARAN
TUNKU ABD. RAHMAN PARK
MT. KINABALU
TAMPARULI
SULU SEA
KOTA KINABALU
Tanjung Aru
SANDAKAN
PULAU TIGA PARK
TAMBUNAN
SEPILOK ORANG UTAN REHABILITATION CENTRE
GOMANTONG CAVES
KENINGAU
LABUAN
Sungai Kinabatangan
TENOM
LAHAD DATU
Sungai Padas
DANUM VALLEY
SEMPORNA
PULAU SIPADAN
TAWAU
SARAWAK
CELEBES SEA
KALIMANTAN (INDONESIA)
N


SABAH

SABAH

Sabah, located at the northeastern tip of Borneo in East Malaysia, is a largely mountainous state with lush tropical rainforests, a long coastline dotted with powdery white beaches and some of the



Kota Kinabalu overlooks the blue waters of the South China Sea.

most spectacular coral reefs and marine life in the world. It was named "The Land Below the Wind" by the maritime traders of old as it lies below the typhoon belt.

The people of Sabah comprise over 30 indigenous groups, each with their own distinctive customs and festivals. The most popular festival in Sabah is the Kaamatan Festival where the Kadazan/ Dusun community pay homage to the rice spirits for a successful harvest. Held annually in May, it is celebrated with much pomp and splendour.

Sabah offers numerous attractions and activities, including the largest flower in the world — the Rafflesia, the Orang Utan Sanctuary at Sepilok, the Poring Hot Springs, the Gomantong Caves, the traditional bazaars or 'Tamu' at Kota Belud, white-water rafting down the Padas and Kiulu rivers, climbing the 4,095 metres Mount Kinabalu and trekking its numerous National Parks.

A paradise for naturalists, botanists, bird watchers, divers, mountaineers or just about anyone who wants to be close to nature, Sabah is truly a holiday with a difference.

Tanjung Aru

Tanjung Aru, only 15 minutes from Kota Kinabalu, is a good place to begin your holiday. You can sunbathe on ivory-coloured sand or relax under cool casuarinas and swaying coconut palms. It is a beach with sparkling waters offering hours of exciting sea sports, from water skiing, windsurfing, snorkelling to scuba diving. Those keen on deep sea fishing or cruising around the islands can arrange to charter a boat at the Marina through the reception at Shangri-La's Tanjung Aru Resort.

How to Get There

Within the vicinity of the airport is Tanjung Aru, a 15-minute drive from Kota Kinabalu.

Kota Kinabalu is accessible from Kuala Lumpur and other major cities within the region by regular scheduled flights.

Tunku Abdul Rahman Park

Off the western coast of Sabah, about 20 minutes from Kota Kinabalu by speedboat, lie the islands of **Tunku Abdul Rahman Park**. Covering some 4,929 hectares of land and sea, the islands of **Pulau Gaya, Pulau Sulug, Pulau Manukan, Pulau Mamutik** and **Pulau Sapi** were gazetted as a National Park in 1974. Besides offering stretches of sandy white beaches and crystal clear water, the Park has some of the most diverse coral reefs and marine life in the world.

Colourful beyond imagination, the waters around these islands promise



Tunku Abdul Rahman Marine Park is just a short boat ride away from Kota Kinabalu.

divers and snorkellers good visibility at about 16 metres. Magnificent coral reefs hugging the shoreline afford views of pink and green parrot fish and turquoise moon wrasses, darting around brain coral, staghorn coral, boulder coral, feather stars and sea fans. Easily accessible, these islands are a terrific playground for swimming, water skiing, windsurfing and picnicking. Even the solitude is fabulous!

Accommodation is available on three of the islands. There is an international standard resort on Pulau Gaya offering luxurious chalet accomodation. A rest house is available on Pulau Mamutik while Pulau Manukan offers several wooden chalets, public shelters, a restaurant and picnic tables.

For reservations please contact:
Kinabalu Gold Resort
Tel: 088-243629 Fax: 088-242861

Camping facilities are also available, and permission should be obtained from the Ranger-in-charge, Sabah Parks.

How To Get There

Tour companies operate ferry services to the islands at regular intervals. Tours may be arranged for sunset cruises, daytime excursions, island hopping or diving trips. Departure points are at the jetty in front of the Hyatt Kinabalu International and the Marina at Shangri-La's Tanjung Aru Resort.



Top off your adventure to Sabah with a trek up Mount Kinabalu.

Pulau Tiga Park

Lying approximately 48 km south of Tunku Abdul Rahman Park, off the coast of Kota Kinabalu, is **Pulau Tiga Park**. Another group of islands designated a National Park in 1978, it comprises **Pulau Kalampunian Damit, Pulau Kalampunian Besar** and **Pulau Tiga**. Spanning an area of 15,864 hectares, it supports an assortment of animal and botanical species, as well as a prolific coral garden.

The reefs are easily accessible and contain some species not usually found on the west coast. Within its emerald depths, divers can see delicate sea fans, staghorn coral and schools of vibrant coral fish.

The best time to visit the islands is between February and April when it is drier and the seas are calm. A rest house is available with two rooms. Visitors are advised to bring their own food and camping equipment. Permission to camp must be obtained from the Ranger-in-charge at the Sabah Parks.

How To Get There

From Kota Kinabalu, drive 140 km south to Kuala Penyu at the Klias Peninsula, then board a boat to the islands. The islands are 18 km away and about 45 minutes by boat. Some tour agents also organise tours and ferry services to the islands.



The crystal clear waters of the Tunku Abdul Rahman Park.

Pulau Layang-Layang

To visit **Pulau Layang-Layang** is to encounter an oasis of enchanting marine life and tropical allure. Located 165 nautical miles northwest of Kota Kinabalu, the oval-shaped island is nearly 7 square kilometres wide and 1.2 square kilometres long. An oceanic atoll in the South China Sea, with a 1,665 to 1,998 metres drop, the island is an exceptional place for the more experienced diver. The waters beneath offer fascinating seascapes and marine life, including several diverse species of coral and reef fish. The island is also sanctuary to thousands of migratory birds.

Pulau Layang-Layang has adequate accommodations for those wishing to stay. Visitors can choose between chalets or a resort hotel.

Those who want to cruise around the island or dive might find it more convenient to check with a tour operator. Usually the tour price includes rental of equipment, experienced guides, in addition to accommodations, meals and transportation.

How To Get There

Pulau Layang-Layang is accessible by light aircraft. The flight takes about one hour from Kota Kinabalu.

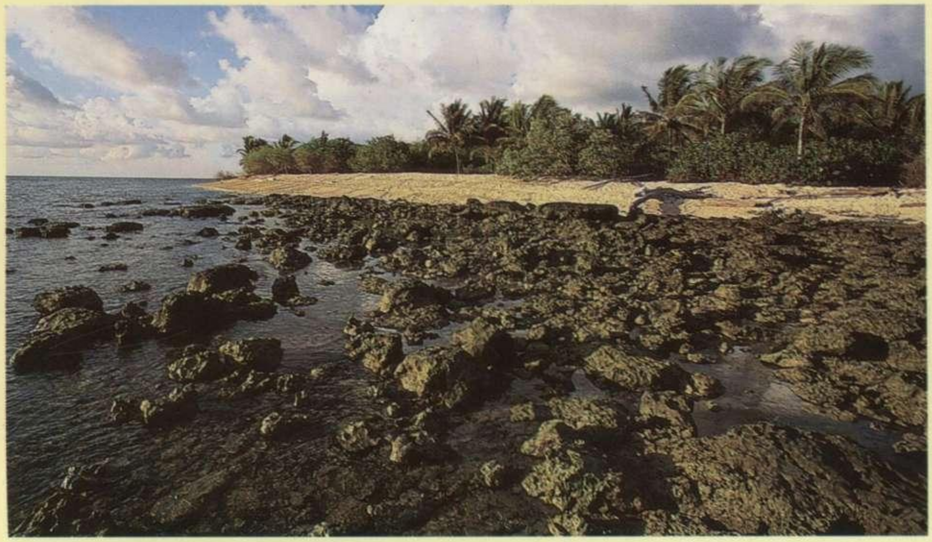


Pulau Layang-Layamg – a haven for migratory birds.

Turtle Islands

Northeast of Sabah lie the **Turtle Islands** of **Pulau Selingan, Pulau Gulisan** and **Pulau Bakkungan Kecil**. Located approximately 40 km from Sandakan, these islands are famed for the Green and Hawksbill turtles, which are found in the surrounding seas and come ashore to nest on the beaches all year round. The Turtle Islands were gazetted a National Park in 1977 to protect the turtles from extinction.

The surrounding sea also supports an abundant coral garden. Add to this, pristine waters and unspoilt beaches, the islands are ideally suited for diving, swimming and picnicking.



The coral reefs of Turtle Island is just a short swim away from the beach.

Accommodation is available only at Pulau Selingan. Picnic tables with seats and barbecue stands are also provided but visitors should bring their own food. Permission to visit the Park must be obtained from the Ranger-in-charge at the Sabah Parks.

How To Get There

Fly to Sandakan from Kota Kinabalu. At Sandakan, board a launch at the Yacht Club and cruise over to the islands in around three hours. For overnight excursions, charter a speedboat.

NOTE:
All divers are required to show proof of diver training from an internationally recognized Diver Training Agency. Failure to do so, may cause the diver to undergo a diving course. Thus, log books and certificate cards are required.

For further information, please contact:

Sabah Tourism Promotion Corporation
51 Jalan Gaya
88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
Tel: 088-219400 Fax: 088-212175
e-mail: sabah@po.jaring.my

Tourism Malaysia
Ground Floor
Bangunan EON CMG Life
1, Jalan Sagunting
Fax: 088-212075
88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
Tel: 088-248698/242064/211732
Fax: 082-246442
e-mail: mtpbbki@tourism.gov.my

Ranger-in-charge
c/o Sabah Parks
1st Floor, Lot 1-3, Block K
Sinsuran Shopping Complex
P.O. Box 10626
88806 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
Tel: 088-211811/011-810636
Fax: 088-211585


SARAWAK
LIMBANG
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM
MIRI
LAMBIR HILLS
NATIONAL PARK
SOUTH CHINA SEA
GUNUNG MULU
NATIONAL PARK
NIAH NATIONAL PARK
BINTULU
BELAGA
SIBU
SARIKEI
KAPIT
Sungai Rajang
Santubong
Damai Beach
Bako National Park
KUCHING
Pantai Penyok
Pantai Bandung
BANDAR SRI AMAN
KALIMANTAN
(INDONESIA)
N

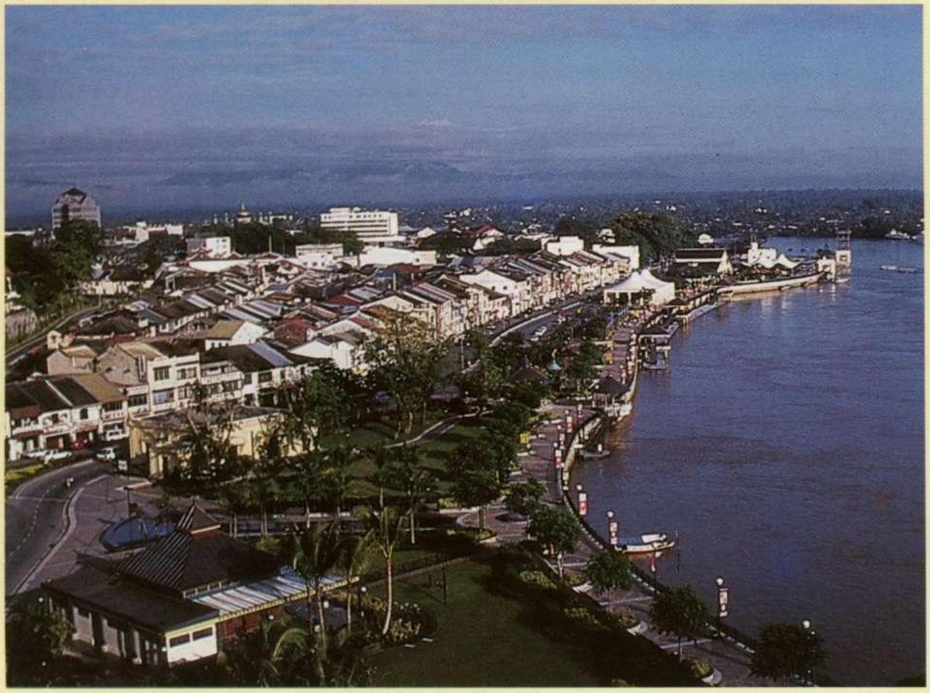

SARAWAK

SARAWAK

Sarawak, "The Land of the Hornbills", is the largest of Malaysia's thirteen states. Located in Borneo and covering an area of 124,450 square kilometres, it has a population of 1.5 million people. A living museum of various races and ethnic tribes who still observe ancient rites, it is a land endowed with an abundance of primeval jungle and rich in natural resources such as pepper, cocoa, oil palm, timber and petroleum.

Its history is one of heroic adventure and romance, piracy and rebellion. In particular, it is about an English adventurer named James Brooke, who in 1839 arrived when Sarawak was rebelling against the Brunei Sultanate. As a reward for quelling the rebellion, the Pengiran Mahkota of Brunei made Brooke the Rajah of Sarawak in 1841. He in turn was succeeded by his descendants until Japanese forces occupied Sarawak in World War II. After the war, it was ceded to Britain and became a British Crown Colony, only to later join Malaysia in 1963.

A premier tourist destination, Sarawak reputedly offers the best museum in Southeast Asia — the Sarawak Museum, native celebrations like the Gawai Dayak, numerous National Parks and river safaris. It even boasts among its natural attractions the largest caves in the world — the Mulu and Niah Caves, exotic and rare wildlife at Bako National Park and a wonderland of underwater treasures off its coast.



Kuching, the capital city of Sarawak is a pleasant riverine town.

Santubong

Approximately 35 km from the capital of **Kuching** lies the picturesque fishing village of **Santubong** boasting some of the finest beaches in Sarawak. Lapped by aquamarine waters of the South China Sea and surrounded by a backdrop of forested hills, Santubong has a number of excellent resort beaches to choose from. One of these is Damai Beach. Set against Mt. Santubong, this picturesque beach offers three popular retreats for its guests. This include the Holiday Inn Damai Beach Resort, Damai Lagoon Resort and Santubong Resort, all of which provide a wide range of facilities for both land and sea activities.

A stone's throw from the Damai Holiday Inn is the **Sarawak Cultural Village**, popularly known as the 'Living Museum'. Here, visitors can sample Sarawak's cultural diversity under one roof. The village is centred around a quaintly landscaped man-made lake surrounded by seven authentic replicas of Sarawak's ethnic houses. Displayed in each are many arts and crafts made by Sarawak's indigenous peoples.



Unusual rock formations can be found at Bako National Park.

Another beach of equal beauty in Santubong is **Teluk Bandung**. A sandy cove fronting the Holiday Inn Damai Beach Resort, it offers a host of recreational facilities to fill your days with fun and excitement. There are the thrills and spills of water skiing, windsurfing and canoeing in the waters of a cool cave. Other leisurely pursuits include snorkelling, catamaran sailing and fishing.



Frolicking in the sun at Damai Beach.

Besides having a number of good beach resorts, Santubong is steeped in history, and provides interest to archaeologists. Hindu and Buddhist influences have been discovered around the Santubong River estuary. The whole area experienced a 'golden' era between the 7th and 13th century AD when gold was discovered.

Within proximity to Santubong is **Pulau Satang**. An uninhabited island with white sandy beaches, lush forests and crystal waters, it makes the perfect hideaway for those seeking privacy. A sanctuary to many species of wildlife, the island offers an intimate glimpse into the mysteries of nature.

The coral reefs of the island are so close to the shore, you can stand on the beach and see neon-hued fish weaving through castles of coral. Besides underwater attractions, the island is also a popular nesting place for sea turtles and a fishing haven for anglers.

Bako National Park

For eco-minded adventurers, **Bako National Park**, some 37 km east of Kuching, is a fascinating bio-sphere to explore. Comprised of sandstone cliffs,sweeping beaches and idyllic bays, this 26 square kilometre park offers an abundance of flora and fauna. At least seven major types of vegetation common to Sarawak are to be found. The most significant animal in the park is the long nosed proboscis monkey, unique only to Borneo.

The park has 16 maintained and well-marked jungle trails. For beach lovers, its sandy coastline invites beachcombing at low tide, swimming and sunset watching.

Pantai Siar/Semantan/ Penyok/Bandung

An uncrowded retreat to head for is **Pantai Siar**, 90 km from Kuching. A secluded beach with shimmering white sand, sea-chiselled crags and aquamarine waters, Pantai Siar is a private enclave worth resorting to. Surrender to its quiet charm and beautiful memories will long remain.



Sea stag, Bako National Park.

Nearby is **Pantai Sematan** a popular weekend retreat with sandy white beaches and sparkling blue water.

Further to the west, 115 km from Kuching lie the beaches of **Pantai Penyok** and **Pantai Bandung**. Each is a perfect place for swimming, snorkelling and other water activities.

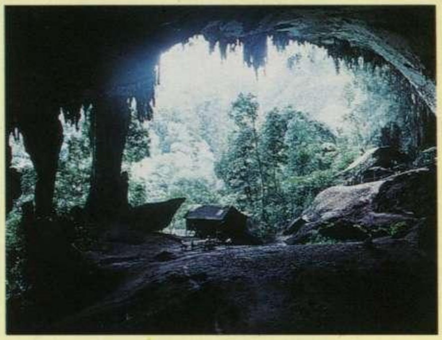
Kuching

Many of Sarawak's attractions may be found in its capital, Kuching. Located on the banks of the Sarawak River, approximately 32 km from the sea, the city reflects the influence of the West as it was for years the home of the Brooke Dynasty or the 'White Rajahs'.

Rich in heritage, Kuching's prominence can best be viewed along the river. Among its numerous points of interest is the Sarawak Museum with its collection of Borneon ethnological and archaeological artifacts. Other attractions include **Fort Margherita,** the **Astana, Court House, Islamic Museum, Timber Museum, Chinese History Museum** and **Cat Museum**.



River journeys provide an exciting way to see Sarawak.



The spectacular Niah Caves.

How To Get There

Malaysia Airlines operates regular scheduled flights to Kuching from Kuala Lumpur, Penang, Johor Bahru, Kota Kinabalu and Singapore.

Express boats are available to service the network of rivers and the main towns along their banks.

Bus companies also operate regular services within the town centres and certain rural areas. However, it is advisable to arrange your visits to the various beaches and resorts through a local travel agent.

For more information, please contact:

Tourism Malaysia
2nd Floor, Bangunan Rugayah
Jalan Song Thian Cheok
93100 Kuching, Sarawak
Tel: 082-246575/246775
Fax: 082-246442
e-mail: mtpbkch@tourism.gov.my

Sarawak Tourism Board
Shop Lot No. 3.43 & 3.44
3rd Floor, Wisma Satok
Jalan Satok/Kulas
93400 Kuching, Sarawak
Tel: 082-423600
Fax: 082-416700
e-mail: sarawak@po.jaring.my


LABUAN
Chimney
SOUTH CHINA SEA
Peace Park
Labuan
Airport
BLUE WATER WRECK
World War II
Memorial
Labuan Golf &
Country Club
LABUAN
TOWN
Ferry Terminal
Bebuluh
Water Village
KIAMSAM
Patau-Patau
Water Village
PULAU PAPAN
PULAU BURONG
PULAU
KURAMAN
CEMENT WRECK
PULAU
RUSUKAN KECIL
PULAU
RUSUKAN BESAR
N
AMERICAN WRECK
AUSTRALIAN WRECK


LABUAN

LABUAN

Labuan, located in the South China Sea, about 8 km off the coast of Sabah is a charming island port. Once part of the Sultanate of Brunei, it was ceded to the British in 1846 following the discovery of rich coal deposits. Ruled by the British for 115 years, it joined the Federation of Malaysia in 1963. In 1984, the State Government of Sabah signed over the administration of Labuan to the Federal Government of Malaysia. A thriving duty-free port and international offshore financial centre, Labuan offers visitors a Botanical Garden dating back to its colonial days, a beautifully landscaped war memorial, a demanding 9-hole golf course and some of the world's most spectacular dive sites littered with numerous shipwrecks.



An aerial view of Labuan Town.

Labuan's clear waters and a wealth of World War II and post-war shipwrecks has made it the region's centre for wreck diving. Diving expeditions to Labuan's three major wrecks — American, Australian and Cement — can be organised through the local tour operators.



Labuan waters offer spectacular wreck diving.

Pulau Rusukan

For a glimpse at a true 'diver's wreck', the American shipwreck southwest of **Pulau Rusukan Kecil**, 24 km from Labuan is a sight to behold. The Australian shipwreck is another; lying in 21 metres of water, it can be found 23 km from Labuan and southwest of **Pulau Rusukan Besar**. The Cement shipwreck, some 21 km from Labuan and east of **Pulau Kuraman**, is equally fascinating and can be seen in about 30 metres of water.

If you are seeking seclusion, the outlying islands of **Pulau Papan, Pulau Daat** and **Pulau Burong** have plenty to offer and are just minutes away by speed boat. Visitors can spend the day exploring the beaches or the dense jungle inland, which is home to a variety of plant and animal life.

How To Get There

Malaysia Airlines operates direct flights daily to the Federal Territory of Labuan from Kuala Lumpur and Kota Kinabalu. Indirect flights originating from Bandar Seri Begawan, Bangkok, Jakarta, Manila, Singapore and Zamboanga City are routed through Kuala Lumpur or Kota Kinabalu.

Air-conditioned ferries operate daily to Labuan from Sabah, Sarawak and Brunei Darussalam.

All of the islands off Labuan are accessible by boat, which may be chartered through local tour agencies.

Transportation around Labuan may be done by taxi. Visitors can also opt to hire self-drive cars, chartered or chauffeur-driven limousines at reasonable rates either daily, weekly or on a monthly basis.

For further information, please contact:

Labuan Tourist Information Centre
Lot 4260, Jalan Dewan/Jalan Berjaya
87007 Labuan
Tel: 087-423445/423446 Fax: 087-423446
e-mail: mtpblbu@tourism.gov.my

Labuan Development Authority
Tourism & Socio Economic Development Division
1st Floor, Wisma Wong Wo Lo
Jalan Tun Mustapha
P.O. Box 82099
87030 Labuan
Tel: 087-417862 Fax: 087-417861
e-mail: lda1@tm.net.my

MARINE PARKS OF MALAYSIA



MARINE PARK REGULATIONS

Marine parks are ideal places for viewing the rich aquatic life that abound in Malaysia's waters. There are 5 marine parks and tourists wishing to visit these parks must take note of the regulations.

What is a Marine Park?

A Marine Park is an area of the sea zoned as a sanctuary for the coral reef community which is considered as possibly the most productive ecosystem in the world, with its diversity of flora and fauna. Coral reefs are also important breeding and nursery grounds for many commercially important species of marine organisms and fish.

Among the objectives of Marine Parks & Marine Reserves are:

- Preservation and protection of coral reef areas from the impact of development.
- Upgrade and preserve the natural habitat of endangered species of aquatic life.
- Establishment of zones for preservation of the aquatic flora and fauna and also for the purpose of research and educational activities.
- Establishment of zones for recreational uses consistent with the carrying capacity of the area.

What are the benefits of Marine Parks?

With the establishment of the Marine Parks, the benefits are as follows:

- The ecosystem and habitat of marine life will be protected and maintained.
- Rejuvenation of over exploited zones and their maintenance for the protection of endangered species of marine organisms.
- Establishment of zones for research and educational purposes.
- Establishment of zones for recreational uses and tourism.

Do's & Don'ts in Marine Parks

Provisions for the establishment and management of Marine Parks in the Fisheries Act 1985 allows for the control of the following activities.

Permitted Activities

- Underwater photography
- Swimming
- Observation & appreciation of aquatic flora & fauna
- Scuba diving
- Snorkelling

Prohibited Activities

(except with permission)

- Water skiing, speed boat racing and jet skiing
- Destruction, removal or collection of corals and other aquatic life
- Vandalizing any structure or object within the Marine Park
- Anchoring of boats over the coral areas
- Carrying & using weapons that endanger aquatic life
- Fishing in the park vicinity
- Discharging of pollutants and rubbish

A levy of RM5 for adults and RM2.50 for children is charged for entry to all Marine Parks in the country.

HOTELS

This listing of hotels is sectionalized by states. It includes hotels that have been star-rated as well as those which have not yet participated in the star-rating scheme implemented by the Ministry of Culture, Arts and Tourism. The star-rating system ranges from 1 to 5 stars.

The rating provides an indication of the range of facilities and service standards of participating hotels and apartments. Hotels that have been accorded a star-rating are indicated herein by the symbol (☆) with the number of stars corresponding to their rating and range of facilities and services.

JOHOR

Kota Tinggi

Desaru View Hotel
P.O. Box 31, Bandar Penawar
81900 Kota Tinggi
Tel: 07-8221221 (15 lines)
Fax: 07-8221237
134 rooms

Desaru Golden Beach Hotel
P.O. Box 50, Tanjung Penawar
81907 Kota Tinggi
Tel: 07-8221101
Fax: 07-8221480
220 rooms

Desaru Tennis Ranch
Tanjung Penawar
81907 Kota Tinggi
Tel: 07-8221211/8221122
Fax: 07-8221937
70 rooms (chalets)

Desaru Impian Resort
Tanjung Penawar, Desaru
P.O. Box 2, Bandar Penawar
81900 Kota Tinggi
Johor
Tel: 07-8389911
Fax: 07-8389922
305 rooms

Desaru Perdana Beach Resort
P.O. Box 29,
Bandar Penawar
81900 Kota Tinggi
Tel: 07-8222222
Fax: 07-8222223
220 rooms

Mersing

Merlin Inn Resort ☆
P.O. Box 6
Km. 1.5, Jalan Endau
86807 Mersing
Tel: 07-7991312
Fax: 07-7993177
31 rooms

Marina Besar Beach Resort
Jalan Abu Bakar
86800 Mersing
Tel: 07-7991606
Fax: 07-7993606
10 rooms

Hotel Seri Malaysia Mersing
Lot PTB 641, Jalan Ismail
86800 Mersing
Tel: 07-7991876
Fax: 07-7991886
100 rooms

Pulau Tinggi

Nadia's Inn Tropical Resort ☆☆
Pulau Tinggi
Johor
Tel: 07-7995582
110 rooms

Tinggi Island Resort
Kampung Pasir Panjang, Pulau Tinggi
Tel: 011-766018
26 rooms

Pulau Sibu

Sibu Island Cabanas
Sibu Island
86800 Mersing
Tel: 07-3311716
Fax: 07-3311920
24 rooms

(Johor Bahru Sales Office)
6A, Jalan Sultan
Taman Sentosa
80150 Johor Bahru

Sea Gypsy Village Resort
Sibu Island
(chalets/bungalows)
Tel: 07-2228642
Fax: 07-2387305
23 rooms

Waterfall Hillside Chalet
Pulau Sibu
Tel: 011-711790
12 rooms

(Johor Bahru Sales Office)
Merlin Tower
80000 Johor Bahru
Tel: 07-2236554

O & H Kampung Huts
Sibu Island
Tel: 011-354322
10 rooms

Pulau Besar

Radin Island Resorts
Tel: 07-7994152
Fax: 07-7991413
50 rooms

Sun Dancer Island Resorts
Pulau Besar
Tel: 07-7993606/7991606
Fax: 07-7995294
16 rooms

Nirwana Island Resort
Pulau Besar
Tel: 07-7995979
Fax: 07-7995978
26 rooms

White Sand Beach Resort
Pulau Besar
Tel: 07-7994995
Fax: 07-7995279
24 rooms

Pulau Rawa

Rawa Island Resort
c/o Rawa Safari
Tourist Centre
Mersing
86800 Johor
Tel: 07-7991204
Fax: 07-7993848
50 rooms

Pulau Aur

Aur Holiday Resort
Pulau Aur
Tel: 07-7995696
Fax: 07-7994072
18 rooms

Pulau Pemanggil

Pemanggil Holiday Haven
(Sales Office)
1030 Kampung Air Merah
86800 Mersing
Tel: 07-7994360/011-768051
22 rooms

KEDAH

Pulau Langkawi

Hotel Langkasuka
Batu 3/4, A-14-15
Pokok Asam, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9666828
Fax: 04-9666882
98 rooms

Aseania Seaview Resort
Simpang Tiga, Jalan Pantai Tengah
07100 Kedawang, Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9552020
Fax: 04-9551550
154 rooms

Langkawi Hotel
6 - 8, Jalan Persiaran Putra
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9666248
30 rooms

Berjaya Langkawi Beach and Spa Resort ☆☆☆☆
P.O. Box 200, Teluk Burau
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9591888
Fax: 04-9591886
Toll Free: 800 8098
380 rooms

Radisson Tanjung Rhu ☆☆☆☆☆
Tanjung Rhu, Mukim Air Hangat
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9591033
Fax: 04-9591899
137 rooms

Hotel Grand Continental ☆☆☆
Lot 398, Mukim Kuah, Kelibang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9660333
Fax: 04-9660288
197 rooms

Sheraton Perdana Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Pantai Dato' Syed Omar, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9662020
Fax: 04-9666414
204 rooms

Sheraton Langkawi Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Teluk Nibong
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551901
Fax: 04-9551968
231 rooms

Hotel Central Langkawi ☆☆
33 Persiaran Putra, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9668585
Fax: 04-9667385
132 rooms

Pelangi Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Pantai Cenang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551001
Fax: 04-9551122
350 rooms

Langkawi Village Resort ☆☆☆
Jalan Teluk Baru
Pantai Tengah Kedawang
07100 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551511
Fax: 04-9551531
100 rooms

Langkasuka Resort ☆☆☆☆
Kuala Muda
Padang Matsirat
07000 Langkawi,
Kedah
Tel: 04-9556888
Fax: 04-9555888
214 rooms

Semarak Langkawi Beach Resort
Pantai Cenang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551377
Fax: 04-9551159
12 rooms

Singgahsana KUB Resort ☆☆☆
Lot 1440, Jalan Kuala Muda
Mukim Padang Matsirat
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9556262
Fax: 04-9555787
73 rooms

Langkawi Seaview Hotel
Lot 40, Jalan Penarak, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9660600
Fax: 04-9660620
139 rooms

Sunset Beach Resort
Pantai Tengah, Tanjung Malai
Mukim Kedawang
07100 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551751
Fax: 04-9551751
24 rooms

Nadia's Inn Langkawi
Lot 977, Pantai Cenang
Mukim Kedawang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551401
Fax: 04-9551405
96 rooms

Langkawi Holiday Villa ☆☆☆☆
Lot 1698, Pantai Tengah
Mukim Kedawang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551701
Fax: 04-9551504
258 rooms

Sandy Beach Motel Resort
Pantai Cenang, Kedawang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9551308
Fax: 04-9551762
36 rooms

Langkawi Chalet
No. 1A, Kampung Penarak, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9667993
40 rooms

The Andaman ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Teluk Datai
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9591088
Fax: 04-9591168
188 rooms

The Datai ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Teluk Datai
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9592500
Fax: 04-9592600
108 rooms

The Gates ☆☆☆
Jalan Persiaran Putra
07000 Kuah
Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9668466
Fax: 04-9668443
177 rooms

The Lanai Langkawi Beach Resort
Pantai Tengah
Mukim Kedawang
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9653401
Fax: 04-9653410/03-7381827
60 rooms

Region Hotel
Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9667719
Fax: 04-9660468
72 rooms

Sunrise Island Resort
Lot 525, Mukim Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9660003
Fax: 04-9660554
51 rooms

Burau Bay Resort ☆☆☆
Teluk Burau
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Tel: 04-9591061
Fax: 04-9591172
150 rooms

Tiara Langkawi Hotel ☆☆☆
Persiaran Mutiara
Pusat Dagangan Kelana Mas, Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi, Kedah
Tel: 04-9662566
Fax: 04-9662600
230 rooms

The City Bayview Hotel ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Pandak Mayah 1
Pusat Bandar Kuah
07000 Pulau Langkawi
Kedah
Tel: 04-9661818
Fax: 04-9663888
282 rooms

Sungai Petani

Pantai Merdeka Resort ☆
Kota Kuala Muda
Sungai Petani
08500 Kedah
Tel: 04-4375588
Fax: 04-4375599
46 rooms

KELANTAN

Pantai Cahaya Bulan

Perdana Resort ☆☆☆☆
P.O. Box 121, Jalan Kuala Pa'amat
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
15710 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7744000
Fax: 09-7744980
117 rooms

P.C.B. Resort
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
P.O. Box 131
15710 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7732307
Fax: 09-7741466
81 rooms

Long House Beach Motel
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
15350 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7731090
Fax: 09-7741466
16 rooms

H.B. Village
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
15350 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7734993
Fax: 09-7741006
47 rooms

Noor Chalet
Lot 57, Jalan Kuala Pa' Amat
Pantai Cahaya Bulan
15350 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7733384
4 rooms

Temenggong Hotel ☆☆
Jalan Tok Hakim
15000 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7483481
Fax: 09-7441481
37 rooms

Perdana Hotel ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Mahmud
P.O. Box 222
15720 Kota Bharu
Tel: 09-7485000
Fax: 09-7447621
178 rooms

LABUAN

Sheraton Labuan ☆☆☆☆☆
466, Jalan Merdeka
Tel: 087-422000
Fax: 087-422222
183 rooms

Federal Hotel
Jalan Bunga Kesuma
Tel: 087-411711
Fax: 087-411337
47 rooms

Federal Inn
Jalan Dewan
Tel: 087-417811
Fax: 087-417796
39 rooms

Waterfront Financial Hotel ☆☆☆☆
No. 1, Jalan Wawasan
Tel: 087-418111
Fax: 087-413468
94 rooms

Hotel Mandarin
Lot 21-22, Jalan Bunga Mawar
Tel: 087-417503
Fax: 087-417502
35 rooms

Hotel Pulau Labuan ☆
Lot 27 & 28, Jalan Muhibbah
Tel: 087-416288
Fax: 087-416255
36 rooms

Manikar Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Batu Manikar
Tel: 087-418700
Fax: 087-418740
250 rooms

Mariner Hotel Labuan ☆☆
Jalan Tg. Purun
Tel: 087-418822
Fax: 087-418811
60 rooms

Tiara Labuan Hotel
Jalan Tanjung Batu
Tel: 087-414300
Fax: 087-410195
75 rooms

MALACCA

Tanjung Bidara Beach Resort ☆☆
24th Mile, Masjid Tanah
78300 Malacca
Tel: 06-3842990
Fax: 06-3842995
15 chalets/50 rooms

Shah's Beach Resort
9 km., Tanjung Kling
76400 Malacca
Tel: 06-3152120
Fax: 06-3152088
50 chalets

Mutiara Malacca Beach Resort
Pantai Kundur, Tanjung Kling
76400 Malacca
Tel: 06-3518518
Fax: 06-3517517
Toll Free: 800 6333
218 rooms

Riviera Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆
10 km., Jalan Tanjung Kling
76400 Malacca
Tel: 06-3151111
Fax: 06-3153333
450 rooms

Pandanusa Island Resort
Pulau Besar, Mukim Pernu
Daerah Melaka Tengah
P.O. Box 504
Pejabat Pos Besar
75670 Malacca
Tel: 06-2818007
Fax: 06-2815941
121 rooms

Upeh Island Resort
P.O. Box 200
75740 Malacca
Tel: 06-3369999
Fax: 06-3369999
72 chalets

NEGERI SEMBILAN

Port Dickson

Bayu Beach Resort ☆☆☆
4 1/2 Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Sirusa, Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6473703
Fax: 06-6472507/6474362
129 rooms

Guoman Resort Port Dickson ☆☆☆☆
Km. 16, Jalan Pantai, Sri Rusa
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6627878
Fax: 06-5667557
256 rooms

Pantai Ria Hotel
7 1/2 Mile, Jalan Pantai
71000 Sirusa, Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6625122
Fax: 06-6628717
20 rooms

Kong Ming Hotel
8th Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6625683
23 rooms

Delta Paradise Lagoon Hotel ☆☆☆☆
3 1/2 km., Jalan Pantai
71000 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6477600
Fax: 06-6477630
201 rooms

Ming Court Vista Beach Resort ☆☆☆
7 1/2 Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6625244
Fax: 06-6625899
165 rooms

Regency Hotel & Resort ☆☆☆☆
5 1/2 Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6474090
Fax: 06-6474792
217 rooms

Tanjung Tuan Beach Resort
5th Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6475340
Fax: 06-6475219
54 rooms

Hotel Seri Malaysia Port Dickson ☆☆
Lot. Pt. 49, 4th Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Port Dickson
Tel: 06-6476070
Fax: 06-6476028
100 rooms

Selat Hotel
13 Mile, Jalan Pantai
71050 Telok Kemang, Port Dickson
Negeri Sembilan
Tel: 06-6625109
Fax: 06-6625120
51 rooms

PAHANG

Pulau Tioman

Berjaya Tioman Beach Resort
Pulau Tioman, P.O. Box 4
86807 Mersing Johor
Tel: 09-4191000
Fax: 09-4191718
376 rooms

Cocos Tioman Resort
Kampung Lanting
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 019-7734496
16 rooms

Ruzita Villas (Nazri's)
Kampung Air Batang
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7993244 (Mersing)
011-349534
50 rooms

Nipah Beach Resort
Kampung Nipah
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7994280
21 chalets

Salang Indah Resort
Kampung Salang
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7991707/011-730230
70 rooms

Salang Beach Resort
Kampung Salang
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7992337
Fax: 07-7993607
48 rooms

Pesona Island Resort
Kampung Tekek
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 09-4191213
Fax: 09-4191213
27 rooms

Tropical Coral Inn
Kampung Genting
Pulau Tioman
Tel/Fax: 07-7994031
200 rooms

Paya Beach Resorts
Kampung Paya
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7991432
Fax: 07-7991436
30 rooms

Mukut Harmoni Resort
Kampung Mukut
Pulau Tioman
Tel: 07-7993440
12 chalets

Coral Resort
Kampung Mukut
Tioman Island
Tel/Fax: 07-7992535/7994033
20 rooms

Kuantan/Teluk Cempedak

Hotel Seri Malaysia ☆☆
Jalan Teluk Sisek
Tel: 09-5553688
Fax: 09-5553118
100 rooms

Suraya Hotel ☆
55-57, Jalan Haji Abdul Aziz
Kuantan
Tel: 09-554266
Fax: 09-554028
30 rooms

Hyatt Regency Kuantan
Jalan Teluk Cempedak
Teluk Cempedak, Kuantan
Tel: 09-5661234
Fax: 09-5667557
340 rooms

Hotel Pacific ☆☆
60-62 Jalan Bukit Ubi, Kuantan
Tel: 09-5141980
Fax: 09-5141979
48 rooms

Holiday Inn Kuantan
Lot 5 & 10, Lorong Gambut
Off Jalan Beserah
Kuantan
Tel: 09-5555899
Fax: 09-5554558
202 rooms

Balok

Tanjung Gelang Hotel
Km. 15, Pantai Balok
Jalan Kuantan, Kemaman
26100 Kuantan
Tel: 09-5447254
Fax: 09-5447254
45 rooms

Le Village Beach Resort ☆☆☆
Lot 1260, Sungai Karang
Beserah, 26100 Kuantan
Tel: 09-5447900
Fax: 09-5447899
130 rooms

Tamu Kami Balok Beach Resort
26100 Balok
Tel: 09-5839090
Fax: 09-5837061
53 rooms

Blue Horizon Beach Resort ☆
Lot 4133, km. 13.6
Jalan Kuantan, Kemaman
26100 Kuantan
Tel: 09-5448119
Fax: 09-5448117
48 rooms

Kuala Rompin

Hotel Seri Malaysia ☆☆
Rompin
Tanjung Gemuk,
26820 Kuala Rompin
Tel: 07-7944723
Fax: 07-7944732
50 rooms

Lanjut Golden Beach Resort
Kampung Lanjut
26800 Kuala Rompin
Tel: 09-4145113
Fax: 09-4145112
110 rooms

Cherating

Cherating Holiday Villa ☆☆☆☆
Lot 113, Mukim Sg. Karang
Cherating, Kuantan
Tel: 09-5819599
Fax: 09-5819178
200 rooms/apartments

The Legend Resort Cherating ☆☆☆☆
Lot 1290, Mukim Sg. Karang
Cherating,
Kuantan
Tel: 09-5819818
Fax: 09-5819400
240 rooms

Club Mediterranee
(Holiday Villages Of Malaysia)
Batu 29, Jalan Kuantan, Kemaman
Cherating, Kuantan
Tel: 09-5811133
Fax: 09-5819524
300 rooms

Impiana Resort Cherating ☆☆☆
Km. 32, Jalan Kuantan/Kemaman
26080 Kuantan
Tel: 09-5819000
Fax: 09-5819090
150 rooms

Homestead Beach Resort
Lot 1589, km. 30
Mukim Sungai Karang
Gebeng
Kuantan, Pahang
Tel: 09-5821002
Fax: 09-5821031
60 rooms

PENANG

Batu Ferringhi

Penang Park Royal ☆☆☆☆
Batu Ferringhi
11100 Penang
Tel: 04-8811133
Fax: 04-8812233
333 rooms

Casuarina Beach Hotel ☆☆☆
Batu Ferringhi
11100 Penang
Tel: 04-8811711
Fax: 04-8812155
180 rooms

Ferringhi Beach Hotel ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Low Yat
11000 Penang
Tel: 04-8905999
Fax: 04-8905100
350 rooms

Shangri-La's Golden Sands Hotel ☆☆☆☆
Batu Ferringhi
11000 Penang
Tel: 04-8811911
Fax: 04-7711880
395 rooms

Holiday Inn Penang ☆☆☆☆
72, Batu Ferringhi
11000 Penang
Tel: 04-8811601
Fax: 04-8811389
350 rooms

Lone Pine Hotel
97, Batu Ferringhi
11000 Penang
Tel: 04-8811511
Fax: 04-8811282
48 rooms

The Bayview Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Batu Ferringhi
11000 Penang
Tel: 04-8812123
Fax: 04-8812140
366 rooms

Shangri-La's Rasa Sayang Hotel ☆☆☆☆☆
Batu Ferringhi
11100 Penang
Tel: 04-8811811
Fax: 04-8811180/8811984
514 rooms

Penang Mutiara Beach Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Teluk Bahang
11050 Penang
Tel: 04-8852828
Fax: 04-812829
440 rooms

Tanjung Bungah

Copthorne Orchid
Tanjung Bungah
11200 Penang
Tel: 04-8903333
Fax: 04-8903303
319 rooms

Crown Prince Tanjung Bungah ☆☆☆☆
11200 Penang
Tel: 04-8904111
Fax: 04-890477
280 rooms

Paradise Tanjung Bungah Hotel ☆☆☆
No. 33A, Jalan Tanjung Bungah
11200 Penang
Tel: 04-8908808
Fax: 04-8908333
Toll Free: 800 8281
200 rooms

Mar Vista Hotel ☆☆☆
No. 1, Tanjung Bungah
11200 Penang
Tel: 04-8903388
Fax: 04-8903886
120 rooms

Georgetown

Hotel Equatorial Penang ☆☆☆☆☆
No. 1, Jalan Bukit Jambul
11900 Penang
Tel: 04-838111/892256
Fax: 04-848000
668 rooms

City Bayview Hotel ☆☆☆
25-A, Lebuh Farquhar
10200 Penang
Tel: 04-2633161
Fax: 04-2634124
208 rooms

Sheraton Penang ☆☆☆☆☆
3, Jalan Larut
10050 Penang
Tel: 04-2267888
Fax: 04-2266615
279 rooms

Malaysia Hotel ☆☆
7, Penang Road
10000 Penang
Tel: 04-2633117
Fax: 04-2631621
126 rooms

Hotel Agora
202A, Macalister Road
10400 Penang
Tel: 04-2298588
Fax: 04-2265959
100 rooms

Oriental Hotel ☆☆
105, Penang Road
10000 Penang
Tel: 04-2634211
Fax: 04-2635395
100 rooms

Shangri-La Hotel ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Magazine
10300 Penang
Tel: 04-2622622
Fax: 04-2615967
445 rooms

Hotel Grand Continental ☆☆☆
Jalan Gurdwara
10300 Penang
Tel: 04-2636688
Fax: 04-2630299
195 rooms

Sunway Hotel ☆☆☆
33, Lorong Baru
10400 Penang
Tel: 04-2299988
Fax: 04-2288899
262 rooms

PERAK

Lumut

The Orient Star Resort Lumut ☆☆☆
Lot 203 & 366, Jalan Iskandar Shah
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6834199
Fax: 05-6834223
150 rooms

Manjung Permai
Lot 211-213, Jalan Iskandar Shah
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6834934
Fax: 05-6834937
45 rooms

Lumut Villa Inn
Jalan Titi Panjang
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6835982
Fax: 05-6723802
42 rooms

Teluk Batik Chalet
Teluk Batik
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6835544
10 rooms

Phin Lum Hooi Hotel
93, Jalan Titi Panjang
32000 Lumut
Tel: 05-6835641
10 rooms

Blue Bay Resort ☆☆☆
Jalan Titi Panjang
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6836939
Fax: 05-6836239

Lumut Country Resort ☆☆☆
331, Jalan Titi Panjang
Lumut
Tel: 05-6835109
Fax: 05-6835396
44 rooms

Pulau Pangkor

Hornbill Resort
Teluk Nipah
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6852005
Fax: 05-6852006
19 rooms

Sea View Hotel ☆
Pasir Bogak
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6851705
Fax: 05-6851970
59 rooms

Beach Huts Hotel
Pasir Bogak
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6851159
34 rooms

Seagull Beach Resort
Teluk Nipah
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6852878
Fax: 05-6852857
48 rooms

Teluk Dalam Resort ☆☆☆☆
Teluk Dalam
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6855000
Fax: 05-6854000
114 rooms

Khoo Holiday Resort
Pasir Bogak
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6851165
Fax: 05-6851164
101 rooms

Sri Bayu Beach Resort
Lot 53, Pasir Bogak
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6851929
Fax: 05-6851970
125 rooms

The Pan Pacific Resort Pangkor ☆☆☆☆
Teluk Belanga
32300 Pulau Pangkor
Tel: 05-6851399
Fax: 05-6852390
240 rooms

Pangkor Laut

Pangkor Laut Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Pulau Pangkor Laut
32200 Lumut
Tel: 05-6991100
Fax: 05-6991200
178 rooms

SABAH

Kota Kinabalu

Hotel Shangri-La ☆☆☆
P.O. Box 11718
75, Bandaran Berjaya
88000 Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-212800
Fax: 088-212078
126 rooms

Berjaya Palace Hotel ☆☆☆
1, Jalan Tangki, Karamunsing
88000 Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-211911
Fax: 088-211600
160 rooms

Shangri-La's Rasa Ria Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Lock Bag 153
88999 Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-792888
Fax: 088-791777
330 rooms

Hyatt Kinabalu International Hotel
Locked Bag 47, Jalan Datuk Salleh Sulong
88994 Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-221234
Fax: 088-218909
288 rooms

Tanjung Aru

Shangri-La's Tanjung Aru Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Lock Bag 174
88744 Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-225800/241800
Fax: 088-244871/217155
500 rooms

Pulau Manukan

National Park Headquarters
Kota Kinabalu
Tel: 088-211652/211585
20 chalets

Turtle Islands

Turtle Islands Park
9th Floor, Wisma Khoo Siak Chew
P.O. Box 768
90008 Sandakan
Tel: 089-273453
Fax: 089-273453

SARAWAK

Kuching

Borneo Hotel ☆☆
30 C - H Jalan Tabuan
93100 Kuching
Tel: 082-244122
Fax: 082-254848
65 rooms

Crowne Plaza Riverside Majestic ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman
P.O. Box 2928
93756 Kuching
Tel: 082-247777
Fax: 082-425858
E-mail: hikch@po.jaring.my
Http://www.holidayinn-sarawak.com
253 rooms

City Inn
Lot 275-276, Jalan Abell
P.O. Box 1947
93738 Kuching
Tel: 082-414866
Fax: 082-414869
33 rooms

Hua Kuok Inn ☆
Lot 227 Jalan Ban Hock
93100 Kuching
Tel: 082-429788
Fax: 082-424329
48 rooms

Kingwood Inn Kuching ☆☆☆
Lot 618, Section 62, KTLD,
Jalan Padungan, P.O. Box 2842,
93756 Kuching
Tel: 082-330888
Fax: 082-332888
E-mail: kingwd@po.jaring.my
Http://www.Sarawak.com.my
91 chambres

Kuching Park Hotel ☆☆☆
Lot 606, Jalan Padungan,
93100 Kuching
P.O. Box 701
93714 Kuching
Tel: 082-239888
Fax: 082-238799
108 rooms

Merdeka Palace Hotel & Suites ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Tun Abang Hj. Openg
93000 Kuching
Tel: 082-258000
Fax: 082-253048/425400
E-mail: mpalace@po.jaring.my
214 rooms

Regalis Court, Kuching ☆☆☆
Lot 45 & 66, Section 10 KTLD
Jalan Ahmad Zaidi Adruce,
93400 Kuching
Tel: 082-412211
Fax: 082-413211
E-mail: regalis@tm.net.my.
42 rooms

Rajah Court Hotel ☆☆☆
Kuching Bypass, Pending
93450 Kuching
Tel: 082-484799
Fax: 082-482750
98 rooms

Holiday Inn Kuching ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman
P.O. Box 2362
93100 Kuching
Tel: 082-423111
Fax: 082-426169
305 rooms

Mayfair Hotel
45-47, Jalan Palm
P.O. Box 3205
93762 Kuching
Tel: 082-419288
Fax: 082-413529
42 rooms

Liwah Hotel ☆☆
Lot 187, Section 47
P.O. Box 1041
Jalan Song Thian Cheok
93100 Kuching
Tel: 082-429222/429226
Fax: 082-423690
93 rooms

Kuching Hilton ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman
P.O. Box 2396
93748 Kuching
Tel: 082-248200/248201
Fax: 082-238546
322 rooms

Riverside Majestic Hotel ☆☆☆☆☆
Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman
P.O. Box 2928
93764 Kuching
Tel: 082-247777
Fax: 082-425858
245 rooms

Supreme Hotel
Jalan Ban Hock
93100 Kuching
Tel: 082-255155
Fax: 082-252522
72 rooms

Telang Usan Hotel ☆☆☆
Jalan Ban Hock
P.O. Box 1579
93732 Kuching
Tel: 082-4155588
Fax: 082-425316
66 rooms

Santubong

Hornbill Inn
Lot 383-386 Lorong 6, Sec. 10 KPLD
Jalan Nanas
93400 Kuching
Tel: 082-253848
Fax: 082-255584
40 rooms

Santubong (Kuching) Resort ☆☆☆
P.O. Box 2364
93748 Kuching
Tel: 082-846888
Fax: 082-846666
380 rooms

Damai Beach

Holiday Inn Resort Damai Beach ☆☆☆☆
P.O. Box 2870
93756 Kuching
Tel: 082-846999
Fax: 082-846777
302 rooms

Damai Lagoon Resort ☆☆☆☆☆
Teluk Penyuk, Santubong
P.O. Box 3159
93762 Kuching
Tel: 082-846900
Fax: 082-846901
256 rooms

Miri

Righa Royal Hotel ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Temenggong
Datuk Oyong Lawai
P.O. Box 1145
98000 Miri
Tel: 085-421121
Fax: 085-421099
225 rooms

Holiday Inn Miri ☆☆☆☆
Jalan Temenggong Dyong Lawai
P.O. Box 2295
98000 Miri
Tel: 085-418888
Fax: 085-41999
168 rooms

SELANGOR

Sepang

Hotel Seri Malaysia Bagan Lalang ☆☆
Lot 979 & 980, Pantai Bagan Lalang
43950 Sungai Pelek, Sepang
Tel: 03-8412918
Fax: 03-8412917
100 rooms

TERENGGANU

Kuala Terengganu

Primula Parkroyal ☆☆☆☆
P.O. Box 43
Jalan Persinggahan
20904 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6222100/362
Fax: 09-6233360
Toll Free: 1 800 8888 78
249 rooms

Permai Park Inn International ☆☆☆
Jalan Sultan Mahmud
20400 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6222122
Fax: 09-6222121
130 rooms

Hotel Seri Malaysia Kuala Terengganu ☆☆
Lot 1640, Jalan Hiliran
20100 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6236454
Fax: 09-6238344
100 rooms

Primula Besut Beach Resort
Pantai Peranginan, Air Tawar,
22200 Besut,
Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6956311
Fax: 09-6956322
44 rooms

Pantai Batu Buruk

Sri Indah Resort
898, Jalan Haji Busu
Batu Buruk
20400 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6221598/6221564
Fax: 09-6248548
30 rooms

Batu Buruk Beach Resort
906A, Jalan Pantai Batu Buruk
20400 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6221410
Fax 09-6232904
20 rooms

Merantau Inn
Km. 23, Jalan Dungun
Kuala Terengganu
Kuala Abang
23050 Dungun
Tel/Fax: 09-8441131
22 rooms

Marang

Marang Resort & Safari
Lot No. 1, Jalan Dungun
Kampung Pulau Kerengga
21600 Marang
Tel: 09-6182588
Fax: 09-6182334
100 chalets

Semarak Marang Beach Cottage
Km. 22, Jalan Dungun,
Pantai Kelulut,
Tel: 09-6182288
Fax: 09-6229317
24 rooms

Hotel Seri Malaysia Marang ☆☆
Lot 3964, Kampung Paya
21600 Marang, Terengganu
Tel: 09-6182889
Fax: 09-6181285
44 rooms

Anguillia Beach House Resort
Km. 20, Kg. Rhu Muda
Seberang Marang
21600 Marang
Tel: 09-6181322
33 rooms

Marang Guest House
Lot 1367-1368, Kampung Paya
Bukit Batu Merah
21600 Marang
Tel: 09-6182277
16 rooms

Sutera Beach Resort ☆☆☆
Kampung Rhu Tapai
Marang
21010 Setiu,
Tel: 09-6531111
Fax: 09-6696410
170 rooms

Batu Buruk Chalet
906A - Jalan Pantai
Batu Buruk
24000 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6237266/6221410/6237267
Fax: 09-6232904
20 rooms

Pulau Kapas

Kapas Island Resort
Tel: 09-6220712
Fax: 09-6236110
60 rooms

Makcik Gemok Beach Resort
Pulau Kapas
21600 Marang
Terengganu
Tel: 09-6245120
61 rooms

Sri Kapas Lodge
Tel: 010-9834135

Pulau Tenggol

Tenggol Aqua Resort
No. 8, Jalan Sungai Penaga
23000 Dungun
Tel: 09-8444862
12 rooms

Pulau Perhentian

Perhentian Island Resort
Pulau Perhentian Besar, Daerah Besut
22200 Besut, Terengganu
Tel: 09-2448531/010-9030100
Fax: 010-9030106
102 rooms

Coral View Island Resort
Pulau Perhentian Besar
Tel: 09-6918276
Fax: 09-6190949
75 rooms

Pulau Redang

Berjaya Redang Beach Resort
Pulau Redang
P.O. Box 126,
Main Post Office
20928 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6973988
Fax: 09-6973899
Toll Free: 800 8818
152 rooms

Berjaya Redang Golf & Spa Resort
Pulau Redang
P.O. Box 126
Main Post Office
20928 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6971111
Fax: 09-6971100
Toll Free: 800 8818
100 rooms

Coral Redang Resort
24, 1st Floor
Wisma Awang Chik
Jalan Sultan Mahmud
20400 Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6236200
Fax: 09-6236300

Redang Pelangi Resort
Pulau Redang
27, Jalan Bandar
Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 010-9834158
Fax: 09-6235202

Redang Bay Resort
Pulau Redang
c/o 139, Jalan Bandar
Kuala Terengganu
Tel: 09-6236048/6234775
Fax: 09-6242048
66 rooms



TOURISM MALAYSIA OFFICES

HEAD OFFICE

17th Floor,
Menara Dato' Onn,
Putra World Trade Centre,
45, Jalan Tun Ismail,
50480 Kuala Lumpur.
Tel : 03-2693-5188
Fax : 03-2693-5884/
03-2693-0207
URL : http://tourism.gov.my
E-mail : tourism@tourism.gov.my

REGIONAL OFFICES

NORTHERN REGION
No. 10,
Jalan Tun Syed Sheh Barakbah,
10200 Penang.
Tel : 04-261-9067,
04-262-0066
Fax : 04-262-3688
E-mail : mtpbpen@tourism.gov.my

SOUTHERN REGION
Suite 5-2, Johor Tourist
Information Centre (JOTIC),
2, Jalan Ayer Molek,
80000 Johor Bahru.
Tel : 07-222-3591,
07-224-0288
Fax : 07-223-5502
E-mail : mtpbjhb@tourism.gov.my

EAST COAST REGION
5th Floor,
Menara Yayasan
Islam Terengganu,
Jalan Sultan Omar,
20300 Kuala Terengganu.
Tel : 09-622-1433,
09-622-1893
Fax : 09-622-1791
E-mail : mtpbkt@tourism.gov.my

SABAH OFFICE
Ground Floor,
Bangunan EON CMG Life,
No. 1, Jalan Sagunting,
88000 Kota Kinabalu.
Tel : 088-248-698,
088-242-064
088-211-732
Fax : 088-241-764
E-mail : mtpbbki@tourism.gov.my

SARAWAK OFFICE
2nd Floor,
Bangunan Rugayah,
Jalan Song Thian Cheok,
93100 Kuching.
Tel : 082-246-575,
082-246-775
Fax : 082-246-442
E-mail : mtpbkch@tourism.gov.my

OVERSEAS OFFICES

AUSTRALIA
Perth
56, William Street,
Perth, WA 6000,
AUSTRALIA
Tel : 08-94810400
Fax : 08-93211421
E-mail : tourmal@omen.com.au

Sydney
65, York Street,
Sydney, NSW 2000,
AUSTRALIA
Tel : 02-9299 4441/2/3
Fax : 02-9262 2026
E-mail : httan@tourism.gov.my

CANADA
830, Burrard Street,
Vancouver, B.C.,
CANADA V6Z 1X9
Tel : 604-689-8899
Fax : 604-689-8804
E-mail : mtpb.vancouver@tourism.gov.my

FRANCE
Office National du
Tourisme de Malaisie,
29, Rue des Pyramides,
75001 Paris,
FRANCE
Tel : 01-42 97 41 71
Fax : 01-42 97 41 69
E-mail : malaisie@club-internet.fr

GERMANY
Rossmarkt 11,
60311 Frankfurt Am Main,
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY
Tel : 069-283 782/783
Fax : 069-133 79121
E-mail : mtpb.frankfurt@arcormail.de

HONG KONG
Ground Floor,
Malaysia Building,
No. 47 - 50, Gloucester Road,
HONG KONG
Tel : 852-2528 5810/5811
Fax : 852-2865 4610
E-mail : mtpbhkg@netvigator.com

ITALY
Secondo Piano,
Piazza San Babila 4/B,
20122 Milano,
ITALY
Tel : 02-796 702
Fax : 02-796 806
E-mail : mtpb.milan@tourism.gov.my

JAPAN
Osaka
10th Floor, Cotton Nissay Building,
1-8-2, Utsubo-Honmachi,
Nishi-ku, Osaka 550-0004,
JAPAN
Tel : 06-6444-1220
Fax : 06-6444-1380
E-mail : mtpbosa@movenet.or.jp

Tokyo
5F Chiyoda Building,
1-6-4, Yurakucho,
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0006,
JAPAN
Tel : 03-3501-8691
Fax : 03-3501-8692
E-mail : mtpb.tokyo@tourism.gov.my

SINGAPORE
10, Collyer Quay,
#01-06 & #18-02, Ocean Building,
SINGAPORE 049315
Tel : 65-532 6321/6351
Fax : 65-535 6650
E-mail : mtpb.singapore@tourism.gov.my

SOUTH AFRICA
1st Floor, Hutton Court,
Cnr. of Jan Smuts Avenue &
Summit Road,
Hyde Park 2196,
Johannesburg,
SOUTH AFRICA
Tel : 011-327 0400/0401
Fax : 011-327 0205
E-mail : mtpb.johannesburg@tourism.gov.my

SOUTH KOREA
1st Floor, Han Young Building,
57-9, Seosomun-dong,
Chung-ku, Seoul,
SOUTH KOREA
Tel : 02-779-4422
Fax : 02-779-4254
E-mail : mtpb@users.unitel.co.kr

SWEDEN
Klarabergsgatan 35,
2tr., 11121 Stockholm,
SWEDEN
Tel : 46-8-24 99 00
Fax : 46-8-24 23 24
E-mail : mtpb.stockholm@tourism.gov.my

TAIWAN
Suite C, 8th Floor,
Hung Tai Centre,
No. 170, Tun Hwa North Road,
Taipei,
TAIWAN
Tel : 02-2514-9704/9734
Fax : 02-2514-9973
E-mail : mtpbtpe@ms29.hinet.net

THAILAND
Unit 1001,
Liberty Square,
287, Silom Road,
Bangkok 10500,
THAILAND
Tel : 02-631-1994/5/6
Fax : 02-631-1998
E-mail : mtpb-bkk@tmbkk.th.com

UNITED KINGDOM
57, Trafalgar Square,
London WC2N 5DU,
UNITED KINGDOM
Tel : 020-7930-7932
Fax : 020-7930-9015
E-mail : mtpb.london@tourism.gov.my

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Los Angeles
818, Suite 970, West 7th Street,
Los Angeles. CA 90017-3432,
U.S.A.
Tel : 213-689-9702
Fax : 213-689-1530
E-mail : mtpb.LA@tourism.gov.my

New York
120, East 56th Street,
Suite 810,
New York, NY 10022,
U.S.A.
Tel : 212-754-113
Fax : 212-754-116
E-mail : mtpb@aol.com

All information contained herein is correct at the time of production. Whilst every care is taken in the preparation of this brochure, Tourism Malaysia cannot be held responsible for any inaccuracy, omission or alteration that may occur. IBU (English) January 2001
Published by: Tourism Malaysia, Ministry of Culture, Arts & Tourism

TRAFFICKING IN ILLEGAL DRUGS CARRIES THE DEATH PENALTY